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FOURTEEN PAGES — ONE RIYAL

Americans escape unharmed

Libyans sack embassy

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2 (AP) — About 100 demonstrators attacked the U.S. embassy in Tripoli, Libya, Sunday, some banging on the front door and others clambering up to second floor windows. All 14 Americans escaped unharmed through a door.

State Department spokesman said "the most possible protest" was filed with the Libyan government, headed by Col. Muammar Qaddafi. Department officials said they were trying to determine whether the demonstrators had been encouraged or supported by Libyan authorities.

The embassy was sacked, one official said. In Tripoli, the Libyan news agency Jana said the U.S. State Department report: embassy wasn't attacked; they didn't break any door or windows," said Jana's spokesman Abdul Salam. "There wasn't a nobody got into the embassy."

It insisted it was a non-violent, though demonstration. Immediate contact was not established with independent press in Tripoli to check the reports. State Department officials said there were Americans on the embassy staff, but not that they were at the facility.

Spokesman Alan Roy. However, he said that all American staff members as well as local employees were "out and about" as the embassy was closed for regular business.

He said that the embassy was not known immediately what happened the incident, Roy said. From the report we have, there was a demonstration in another part of the city," he said. "Then suddenly they were in front of the embassy."

Initially it was fairly peaceful," he said, "but very quickly turned otherwise. They started breaking in the front door. Our people started figuring out how to get out of the doors."

There were unconfirmed reports of smoke in the embassy windows, Roy said, adding that embassy officials were attempting to contain the damage. "At last report, the street was cleared except for Libyan police and Libyan vehicles," he said.

Qaddafi recently was quoted as saying he is trying to persuade Iran to release 50 American hostages since the Nov. 4 seizure of the U.S. embassy in Tehran.

He said Libya would not remain neutral in the attack by the United States. An interview published in Sunday's edition of the *Corriere Della Sera* in Milan, Italy,

Qaddafi said an Iranian delegation had arrived in Tripoli, "made up of men very close to Khomeini."

In Tripoli, the Libyan news agency issued a dispatch about a "tumultuous" student march on the embassy in support of Iran in its confrontation with the United States. But it did not mention that the embassy had been attacked.

"Upon the students' arrival at the U.S. embassy, slogans broke out calling for an end to American and imperialist hegemony and affirming solidarity with the Iranian people," Jana said. "The demonstrators also declared the Libyan Arab students' support for the Iranian students' demand of handing over the Shah to the Iranian people for trial by an Islamic revolutionary court."

It said the students set fire to a picture of the ousted Iranian Shah and chanted slogans "calling for the downfall of the Egyptian regime and its president, who colluded with the people's torturers."

It was the second time in two weeks that a U.S. embassy had been stormed. On Nov. 21, a mob of Pakistanis attacked and burned the embassy in Islamabad, killing two U.S. servicemen. Since the seizure of the Tehran embassy Nov. 4, protesters have staged demonstrations outside U.S. missions in other capitals as well.

Qaddafi, long a hard-liner in the anti-Israel Arab front, said in the interview published Sunday that Libya would side with the Iranians in a military showdown with the United States.

"If something happened to Iran we will not remain neutral. Iranians are our brothers. And we, little brothers, can become a very vast front against America," he said in the interview with leading Italian journalist Oriana Fallaci.

Qaddafi has established Islamic political system in Libya and has been a leader in the Arab opposition to Egypt's peace with Israel. Libya suspended relations with Egypt in 1977.



SADA'S OFFER: President Anwar Sadat tells reporters Friday that he is ready to receive the homeless Shah of Iran immediately.

Yamani chairs OPEC panel

DHAHRAN, Dec. 2 (SPA) — Oil Minister Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani Sunday chaired a meeting for the Strategic Committee of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries here.

Ministers of oil, mineral resources and energy from Kuwait, Iraq, Iran and Venezuela participated in the meeting.

No details were disclosed but the ministers were expected to report on planned oil policies for the next ten years, according to a Kuwaiti oil ministry spokesman.

The meeting is also helping prepare for the Dec. 17 OPEC ministerial meeting in Caracas.

A committee of oil experts from member states of the Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries also met in Kuwait Saturday to prepare an agenda for next week's OPEC ministerial meeting.

Other countries represented were Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, the UAE and Syria.



COUNCIL: King Khalid chairs an extraordinary meeting of the Council of Ministers Sunday to brief them on the attack by renegades on the Grand Mosque in Mecca. Meanwhile the king received two emissaries from the leaders of Tunisia and Oman. A message from Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba, delivered by Minister of State Muhammad Faytouri, expressed the "support and solidarity of the Tunisian president, government and people with the Saudi government and their satisfaction that the attack on the Holy Haram by a group of renegades was repelled." He said that not only had President Bourguiba immediately sent a cable to King Khalid condemning the attack as it happened, but he also dispatched a personal envoy to underline his solidarity. He added that, in his turn, King Khalid asked him to convey his appreciation to President Bourguiba for such a brotherly gesture.

King Khalid Sunday also received Sheikh Fahd bin Mahmoud Al-Said, Oman's deputy premier for legal affairs. The meeting was attended by Prince Abdullah, Prince Salman, Dr. Pharaon and Dr. Muhammad Al-Muhammed, state minister and member of the Council of Ministers.

McHenry warns Iran

Deposed Shah in Texas

LACKLAND AIR FORCE BASE, Texas, Dec. 2 (Agencies) — The deposed Shah of Iran arrived here Sunday from New York, where he spent 42 days undergoing treatment for cancer and gallstones.

Earlier Sunday a police supervisor for the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey said a U.S. government aircraft was standing by when the Shah arrived at Laguardia Airport about 4:45 a.m. (945 GMT). A U.S. Federal Aviation Administration duty officer, who did not want to be identified, said the plane would take the former Iranian ruler to Kelley Air Force Base at San Antonio, Texas. White House press secretary Jody Powell said the Shah's doctors advised him that he was able to leave the hospital.

"However," he said, "they have indicated that the Shah should not undertake a prolonged trip and that he needs a period of recuperation under medical supervision. The United States government has agreed for humanitarian reasons to provide a secure convalescent facility where he can recuperate pending further travel plans." Powell said. "The Shah is now en route to Wilford Hall Air Force hospital near San Antonio, Texas. At the Shah's request, the United States is continuing to assist him in making arrangements for a permanent place of residence," Powell said.

There was no immediate word on where such a refuge would be found, although speculation has centered on Egypt.

Egyptian President Anwar Sadat last week said the Shah was welcome in Egypt after the Mexican government said it would not permit him to return to his exile at Cuernavaca.

Iranians holding the U.S. embassy in Tehran since Nov. 4 have demanded the return of the 60-year-old deposed monarch, who entered the United States Oct. 22.

The United States refused to return him. It was not known what effect the Shah's departure would have on the hostage crisis.

At the U.N. security Council, U.S. Ambassador Donald McHenry warned Saturday night that the United States "will hold the authorities in Iran fully responsible for the safety of the Americans held captive."

He said "at least 50 Americans remain captive" in Tehran, and spoke menacingly of "the seething anger which Americans properly feel as they witness on daily television new threats and outrages against their fellow citizens."

But he also said, "We are seeking a peaceful resolution to this conflict so that the wounds of the past can be healed." And he declared, "There is not a single grievance alleged or spoken in this situation that could not be heard in an appropriate forum."

McHenry, head of the United States' U.N. mission did not define "appropriate forum." U.S. mission official would not clarify whether it embraced the idea of a commission of inquiry of the council.



SYMBOL OF DEATH: For the first time since Iranian students occupied U.S. embassy in Tehran, demonstrators Wednesday night appeared outside the compound carrying sickles — the Iranian symbol of death.

On Camp David accords

Israel rejects U.N. move

TEL AVIV, Dec. 2 (AP) — Israel Sunday rejected a United Nations General Assembly resolution condemning the Israeli-Egyptian peace accords.

A statement issued by Prime Minister Menahem Begin's cabinet after a meeting called Thursday's assembly an example of "the most extreme resolutions" sponsored by what it called the automatic majority of Arab and Communist-bloc nations on Middle East questions.

"It is clear that this resolution had no validity," said the statement. By a vote of 71-33, with 37 abstentions, the assembly passed a resolution which declared the Camp David agreements have no validity in regard to the rights of the Palestinian people, and condemned "all partial agreements and separate treaties."

The statement referred to a previous General Assembly resolution equating Zionism with racism and said the condemnation of the accords was "further proof of the decline of the United Nations."

Begin, in a speech Thursday, said it was paradoxical that an international body established to preserve world peace should condemn the peace between Egypt and Israel.

The assembly resolution declared that the accords between Egypt and Israel had no validity in determining the future of the Palestinian people. It was the first time the world body had dismissed the agreement in a vote.

The assembly rejected the provisions of the accords that "ignore, infringe upon, violate or deny the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people."

The assembly also adopted a resolution calling for the Palestine Liberation Organization (P.L.O.) to participate, on an equal footing with other parties, in all efforts, deliberations and conferences on the Middle East.

Voting on the motion on the Camp David accords was marked by procedural moves by the United States and Egypt, which tried to prevent the resolution from being passed.

The resolution strongly condemned "all partial agreement and separate treaties which constitute a flagrant violation of the rights of the Palestinian People."

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Texas firm accused of violating anti-boycott laws

WASHINGTON Bureau
WASHINGTON, Dec. 2 — Core Laboratories, Inc., of Dallas, Texas has been formally charged with 28 separate violations of the U.S. anti-boycott law in its business dealings with four Arab countries, the Commerce Department announced.

The department's Antiboycott Compliance Staff said in a charging letter that Core had violated the prohibition against "furnishing information about business relationships with a boycotted country" — Israel.

On 28 separate occasions last year, the firm allegedly furnished the following statement

to entities in Bahrain, Egypt, Iraq and Libya: "Core Laboratories, Inc., has no direct or indirect connection whatsoever with Israel."

The Commerce Department said the charges were formulated "after a full investigation of Core's operations in the Middle East."

Core could face a maximum fine of \$280,000, as well as possible suspension or revocation of its authority to export, the department said.

The company may challenge the charges in a trial-type hearing before an administrative law judge. An unfavorable decision could be

appealed to the acting assistant secretary of commerce for industry and trade, Stanley J. Marcus.

This was the fourth antiboycott enforcement action announced in the last three months. In October Cameron Iron Works, Inc., of Houston, Texas, paid a fine of \$65,500 for violating the antiboycott law. Earlier, a Swiss subsidiary of Continental Grain, Inc. was fined \$20,000 in a settlement involving two violations.

While the antiboycott law ostensibly applies to boycotts of any kind, it has only been enforced against companies complying with the Arab boycott against Israel.

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Danes will meet Jazairi on Jizan hospital contract

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Dec. 2 — A Danish delegation is now in Riyadh to meet Minister of Health Dr. Husayn Jazairi Monday on the possible

Fahd inspects Corniche project

JEDDAH, Dec. 2 — Crown Prince Fahd has visited the Corniche development in Jeddah and expressed his satisfaction with the project.

Mayor Muhammad Said Farisi said that Prince Fahd has instructed him to provide areas for Saudi Arabian and visiting families which do not contradict the teachings of Islam, according to *Al-Bilad* Sunday.

He also ordered that several mosques be built on the beach to enable Muslims to pray in comfort. Funds will be allocated in the next budget, Farisi said.

704,000 have left

Nearly all pilgrims gone

JEDDAH, Dec. 2 — A total of 704,238 pilgrims had left Saudi Arabia by the end of last week out of 862,520 in all.

Sheikh Hashem Maatouq, deputy minister of the interior for passports and civil status, was quoted by *Al-Medina* Sunday as saying that by the same day the number of pilgrims still in Saudi Arabia totalled 158,282. They were all expected to leave within days.

bility of running the ministry's new hospital in Jizan.

The delegation, led by the Danish Ambassador here, Poul Sondergaard, comprises officials from the Directorate of Hospitals of the Danish Ministry of Interior, the Foreign Ministry, doctors and delegates from Danish companies working in Saudi Arabia. Danish Assistant Commercial Attache Lars Hermansen told *Arab News* Sunday.

Danish companies were invited by the Ministry of Health to bid for the hospital staffing and management contracts. They have visited the hospital and prepared a report, which will be submitted to Dr. Jazairi.

The Commercial Center of the United States Embassy in Jeddah will meanwhile be hosting an aviation equipment and services trade mission, beginning Monday.

The mission includes representatives from the major American

aviation firms, who offer a wide variety of specialized equipment and services. Crouse-Hinds, Bendix Aerospace Electronics, Collins General Aviation Division of Rockwell International, the Communication and Radar and the Systems Divisions of Hughes Aircraft, General Aviation Electronics, E-Systems, the Librascope Division of Singer and Westinghouse Electronic Systems will be the nine participating firms.

The group will be in Jeddah at the Sands hotel until Dec. 6. They are scheduled to tour the site of the new Jeddah International Airport with members of the International Airports Project of the Ministry of Defense and Aviation. A meeting is also scheduled in Jeddah with the International Civil Aviation Organization within the Presidency of Civil Aviation, and with Saudia.

The mission's visit is timely, as the Kingdom is embarking on an extensive expansion of its civil aviation facilities. In addition to the major international airports in Jeddah and Riyadh, smaller fields are being upgraded or built throughout the country.

The mission is due to spend four days in Riyadh after its visit to Jeddah, and is planning to stay at the Al-Khozama Hotel.

Phillip Swatek, a senior official of the Federal Aviation Authority, will be leading the group. The mission had intended to visit Damascus, but dropped that plan this week after the recent U.S. State Department travellers' advisory for 11 Middle Eastern countries.

Meanwhile, the President of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Eastern Province Sheikh Saud Al-Muajil met Sunday in Dammam a French trade delegation. They discussed trade relations between Saudi Arabia and France.

WEATHER

It will be cool in the northern region, central regions, western and south-western highlands. It will be fine during the day in most areas. Winds will be moderate and variable, and easterly in the northern and central regions. Seas will be light to moderate.

Sunday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	28	18	Jizan	33	24
Jeddah	35	21	Wajh	28	13
Riyadh	19	07	Turath	15	02
Dhahran	22	13	Arar	18	03
Medina	24	10	Sulayyil	21	12
Taif	22	08	Abha	20	07



AWARD: Dr. William Voris, president of the American Graduate School of International Management, confers an honorary doctorate on Minister of Petroleum and Mineral Resources Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani.

In U.S.

Yamani awarded doctorate

Houston Bureau

HOUSTON, Dec. 2 — Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani, minister of petroleum and mineral resources, has received an honorary doctorate in International Law from the American Graduate School of International Management in Glendale, Arizona.

Yamani was awarded the degree in a ceremony held before the staff, faculty and student body of AGSIM.

AGSIM president William Voris said the degree was given as

155 discharged in month from mental hospital

JEDDAH, Dec. 2 — In one month 35 women and 120 men have been discharged from the Taif mental hospital, *Al-Jazirah* reported Sunday that the figure illustrates the hospital's improved care and treatment facilities.

In the same month, 139 patients were admitted to the hospital, only ten of them men.

The head of the Technical Bureau of the hospital, Dr. Ahmad Shobakshi, said that most of the patients suffered from schizophrenia. There were also other simple and complicated cases of physical, nerve and mental illnesses.

a special recognition by the Thunderbird Campus board of trustees and faculty.

"The United States and the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia have a long history of mutual respect," he said. He noted the "objective, intelligent stand on the pricing of oil and its derivatives," of Saudi Arabia.

Sheikh Ahmad was educated in the U.S. He was appointed Minister of Petroleum and Mineral Resources in 1962.

"It is a great honor for me and my people to be awarded this degree," said Yamani.

Turning to Saudi Arabia, he said, "even with the huge reserves of oil, Saudi Arabia is a poor country." The criterion for being rich is not whether a country is rich in energy resources, rather it is whether a country possesses human resources.

Saudi Arabia's goal was to strengthen human resources. "We're trying to build schools in that country, which will help us again to contribute to mankind." Progress in Saudi Arabia will require further changes in industrial capacity, but even more so in the way of life, he said.

He indicated that the Thunderbird Campus is providing Saudi Arabia with much needed managers: "This school is for the interest of the free world, and we, Saudi Arabia, are a part of that free world."

From Kingdom, Abu Dhabi

Malta draws down loan facility

By Maria Inguanez
Special to Arab News

VALLETTA, Dec. 2 — Malta has so far used \$2 million in project assistance from Saudi Arabia and Abu Dhabi. Minister of Finance Dr. Joseph Cassar told the House of Representatives here while presenting his budget for 1980.

He singled out Arab help to Malta as being especially helpful, referring to assistance that would be used over next year. Kuwait has given \$5 million, the United Arab Emirates \$3 million and Qatar \$2 million.

Meanwhile, an agreement of major importance covering the next four years has been signed by

Taif planning 70-hectare park complex

JEDDAH, Dec. 2 — The Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs is planning to develop a 70-hectare area in Taif with a zoo, separate parks for men and women and playgrounds for children.

Besides parks, *Al-Medina* reported Sunday, the principal streets of the town are to be paved and illuminated. Some intersections and public squares will be decorated to give an attractive appearance to the city.

As a result of Crown Prince Fahd's personal interest in the Taif, district, it will soon become one of the most beautiful summer resorts of the Kingdom and Gulf states. The paper added that Hada and Shifa would catch up with international tourist centers like Disneyland, but in conformity with the customs and traditions of the Kingdom.

Meanwhile, a committee has been formed from officials of the Directorate General of Municipal and Rural Affairs of the Western Province, the municipality and the Directorate of Education of Taif to study the requirements of development projects in Taif, the paper added.

Malta and Libya. Libya is now prepared to invest \$50 million in Malta's furniture, printing, shipbuilding and tourism industries.

Tripoli has also offered to increase the capital of the Libyan Arab Maltese Holding company to provide more work for the Maltese. It is offering five thousand jobs for Maltese in Libya and will expand its education institutions in Malta to enrol more Maltese workers. Last year Libya paid \$45 million to subsidize Maltese oil imports.

The agreement was signed by Libyan Secretary for Liaison Abdul Majid Gaoud and Maltese Minister of Works Lorry Sant. The two spoke about friendship between the two countries, and Sant said that the Maltese friendship with the Arab nation is not one of convenience.

Gaoud also presented \$500,000 to the Minister of Agriculture Freddie Micallef to help farmers hit by the recent severe floods in October.

Maltese industries are actively looking for export opportunities in Arab countries. One is the recently inaugurated NKT (Malta) Limited a subsidiary of Aktieselskabet Nordiske Kabel- og Traadfabriker, or NKT, of Denmark. NKT will produce PVC-insulated cable and wires for low-voltage installations in domestic and industrial use and transport.

A distribution center has been established in Amman to supply Jordan, Iraq and nearby markets.

292 under construction

800 factories in Kingdom

RIYADH, Dec. 2 — There were 800 factories operating in Saudi Arabia at the end of 1978. That figure represents 54.5 per cent of the total number licenses issued for industrial plant.

Factories under construction totalled 292, or 20.5 per cent, while the rest were under preparation, SPA reported.

Dr. Fuad Farsi, deputy minister of industry and electricity for

Saudi Arabia

Libya are being investigated. A factory which exports nine per cent of its production to Saudi Arabia, the Gulf, Kuwait, Iraq and Libya is Intersteel (Malta) which during the first six months of this year reported a substantial increase in exports. The company is a subsidiary of Inter Finance, a bank in Luxembourg manufactures galvanised steel link fencing, nylon coated chain link fencing, galvanised hexagonal mesh fencing and galvanised bare wires.

Bisha controls marriage costs
JEDDAH, Dec. 2 — The people of Bisha and surrounding areas have found a solution to the problem of the cost of marriage. A tribe of 13,000 people agree to make the bride money SR3,000 for girls and SR2,000 for widows according to *Al-Jazirah* Sunday.

The groom and the bride's father are to swear that the groom pays is not more than that fixed by the 'Jamaat' group, it quoted a local leader named Hamda ibn Dah Hamda as saying.

The tribe, the Beni Saloul, in Bisha and its surrounding areas. The *Jamaat's* policy opposed by only three people who later gave in, he said.

If the bride's father takes money, he will be fined by *Jamaat*. The money goes to *Jamaat's* fund to help poor families of the area.

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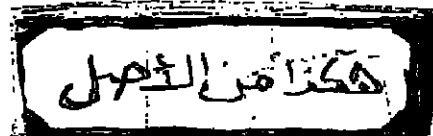
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Hejaz Railway Feasibility study Will be examined

JEDDAH, Dec. 2 — A committee in Riyadh Monday consultants' reports on the feasibility of rebuilding the Hejaz Railway, made ministers of communication, Jordan and Saudi Arabia, will consider reports on economic, technical and aspects of rebuilding the railway once linked with the Ottoman Turkish and thence to Europe. The Sublime Porte in Istanbul lost 8 million in gold in 1914 carrying, though, as the line

was destroyed by the Arab armies with T.E. Lawrence during the Revolt. Passengers and freight are now carried from Damascus to southern Jordan through Amman, with a spur extending from Maan to Aqaba. Attempts to reconstruct the line down to Medina were made intermittently from the 1950s, but the 1967 War shelved them until recently.

Kayyal has already said that the project, which will involve rebuilding 1,300 kilometers of track, may cost \$ 500 million. Improving the Damascus to Amman section alone would cost \$ 150 million.

The Jordanian Minister of transport, Ali Al-Suhaiman, said in an interview with *Arab News* earlier this year that depending on the consultants' report, the target date for commissioning the line will be 1988. The line would be relaid in standard-gauge track rather than the original narrow gauge.

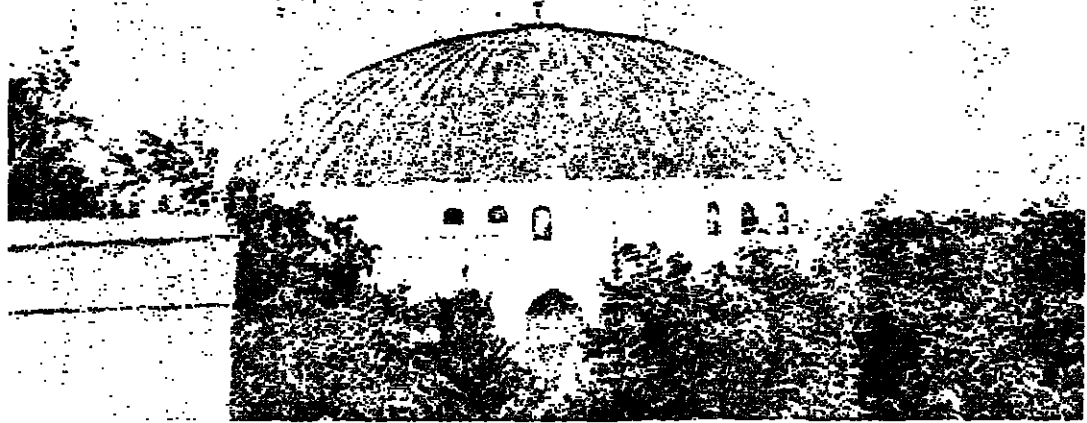
Suhaiman described that project as a "huge undertaking," but one with "incalculable" benefits to the three countries. It would help stabilize freight charges and relieve pressure on ports and road haulage. Construction and operating costs, he said, will be shared equally by the three governments.

Chinese envoy to return Kuomintang meeting

JEDDAH, Dec. 2 — Nationalist Ambassador Hsueh is leaving Jeddah for Beijing Monday for consultations. Chinese Embassy said that he will participate in a plenary session of the National Committee of the Kuomintang to begin Dec. 10, in Beijing as member of the ceremony. He is also attending the signing of the final agreement on a 300 million Sino-American venture fertilizer plant scheduled to be held Tuesday.



Hsueh Yu-chi



CENTER: The Vienna Islamic Center, paid for almost entirely by the Kingdom, which was opened last week.

Khuwaiter back from ceremony

Vienna center cost Kingdom SR15m

JEDDAH, Dec. 2 — Education Minister Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Khuwaiter returned to Riyadh Saturday from ceremonies for the opening of the Vienna Islamic Center.

Al-Riyadh Sunday quoted members of the delegation that accompanied him as saying that the Kingdom paid the entire cost of the center, some SR15 million.

Chancellor Bruno Kreisky led the Austrian delegation to the opening ceremonies last week. Khuwaiter led the Saudi Arabian delegation.

The center was planned and managed by Sheikh Fawad Basrawi, who was until recently Saudi Arabia's ambassador in Vienna. Construction was carried out by the Viennese firm of Richard Lunger. Muslim states donated other sections of the mosque such as the fountain, carpets, pulpit and windows.

The center is a major complex — the main mosque with a prayer hall and women's gallery, a separate hall for social and other events, a library, a smaller mosque, a Holy Koran school and living quarters for the Imam.

Designed in Turkish-Ottoman style, the mosque's copper plated dome rises 16.5 meters above the main building. Inside, the floors and walls are tiled and decorated with abstract designs and Arabic calligraphy.

Meanwhile, SPA reported that

a delegation left Jeddah for Kuala Lumpur Sunday to attend meetings of Muslim experts to be held in Malaysia from Dec. 6 to Dec. 10. The team was led by Dr. Jihad Fethi Tevetoglu, assistant secretary general of the Organization of Islamic Conference.

They will discuss planning and development in Islamic countries and will make recommendations for the fifth session of the Islamic Committee for Economic, Cul-

Farm subsidies distribution set

JEDDAH, Dec. 2 — By the end of this month, agricultural directorates in Saudi Arabia will start paying grain and palm subsidies totalling SR200 million to all farmers.

Special committees will go to the various areas to start their month-long distribution of money.

At the same time, according to *Al-Medina* Sunday, other committees are preparing a comprehensive survey of more than 350 villages in Jizan in search of new water sources.

Meanwhile, according to *Okaz*, the palm and date subsidy for 1979 to 1980 totals SR60 million. The paper also said that a quarter of a royal subsidy will be given to farmers for each kilo of locally produced dates.

Saudi Comment

By Abu Abdul Rahman ibn Aqeel
Al-Medina

Islam discourages dissension, rebellion and discord. It has prohibited Muslims from rising against an Islamic government.

Apart from the government of the Prophet Muhammad and those of his four successor caliphs, ours is the most ideal on earth today. Which subject is suffering from the injustice by the ruler to his person, family or property?

Every subject is secure and blessed by the protection of the state in everything he owns, wherever he may be. Muslims should be wary of rulers who attempt to deflect them from their beliefs. Here we are blessed with the freedom of belief and are free to uphold and advocate it without running the risk of persecution.

Those who dared to violate the sanctity of the Holy Mosque, terrify worshippers and take innocent lives are no match for the state and its awesome forces, which could have easily wiped them out in defense of religion and the house of God. Nobody would have blamed it, because the criminal gang had committed a heinous crime and infringed the laws of God.

Acting on the advice of the ulama the state preferred to observe the laws of God rather than hasten to avenge itself on the evil doers. This is the secret of the prudence that has guided the action of the government since the beginning of the outrage.

It is strange that this gang should choose to transgress against a government that has adopted divine law as its constitution and way of life.

This government, as established by King Abdul Aziz has restored peace and tranquility to a once troubled land and united disparate, petty and perennially warring principalities where the people lived in terror for their lives, families and property.

So what do these people want? Do they believe that the people do not love their rulers any more and will readily welcome any fool who has neither religion, nor political status nor historical background?

Little did they know that our people here want nothing but the security of their own state. They want nothing to do with a military regime where men are trampled underfoot. They want nothing to do with a Communist regime where people have to queue up for food carrying cards for measly rations. They want nothing to do with the government of dervishes, buffoons and clowns who live on fables and unauthenticated traditions which were sneaked in by the enemies of God, the Jews and their followers.

Anybody here has the right to argue with the ruler about anything that he might think should be raised. If the ruler pays no attention he can appeal to the ulama for justice.

We have had many examples of this in our history since the foundation of the Kingdom.

What do they want? We have security, prosperity, access to the rulers, peace, good neighborliness with others and full employment.

God wanted to defeat this evil gang in two ways. The first is that by the enormous gravity of their act they have earned the maximum punishment, severe enough to uproot them. Secondly they have brought upon themselves the curse of all Muslims.



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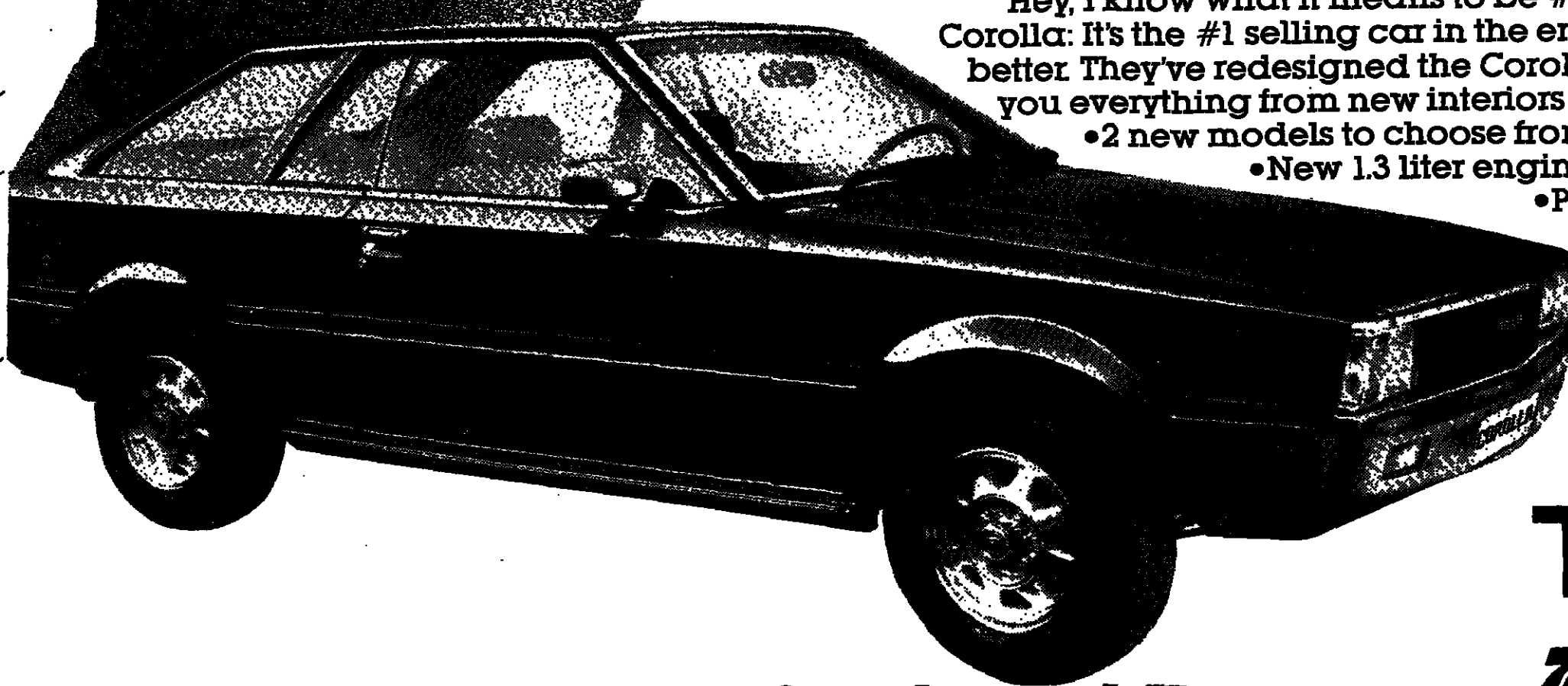
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Anti-U.S. attacks blamed on Pakistan's frustrations

ISLAMABAD, Dec. 2 (AP) — The burning of the U.S. embassy here and the violent attacks on U.S. facilities in other cities were an extreme expression of Pakistan's deep disappointment in an old friend.

Two Americans and four Pakistanis died in the embassy riot on Nov. 21, and U.S. culture centers were attacked in Lahore and Rawalpindi.

"It's reaching a point where there is immense dislike of Americans," said a young, U.S.-educated businessman from Karachi. "We blame the United States, particularly democratic presidents, for betrayals in 1965 and 1979."

The feelings are all the more bitter because of old — and lingering — affection for the United States.

"We may demonstrate against the U.S. embassy," said one Pakistani officer high in the military regime. "But many of us still think that Uncle Sam will come back one day and sort out all of our problems."

But Pakistanis from scholars to street vendors say the United States has consistently disappointed this country of 75 million, once a staunch supporter of American policy.

The major complaints:

— No American help in Pakistan's 1965 war with India despite what is seen here as a military commitment.

— Meager U.S. support in the 1971 Bangladesh war.

— The suspension of U.S. development aid last April, based on U.S. evidence that Pakistan was developing an atomic bomb.

The depth of the religious outrage even surprised some Pakistanis, said a British-educated career

official in the ministry of foreign affairs. Targets included a Bank Of America branch, where most depositors were Pakistanis, and a girl's school run by British and Irish nuns, apparently mistaken for Americans.

Some said the underlying cause of the attacks, built on a decade and a half of frustrations, was something akin to unrequited love.

"We were allies of the U.S. in the 1965 war but we were let down," said the Karachi businessman. "It was a slightly different story in 1971. Then the nuclear issue arose."

"The common Pakistani feels he has every right to have the bomb because our traditional enemy, India, has one," U.S. President Jimmy Carter upset Pakistani pride by stopping U.S. development aid as a means to block the nationally shared dream, he said.

The Pakistan government, however, denies anything but peaceful purposes for its nuclear program.

Shortly before the Nov. 21 attacks, an authoritative source said U.S. diplomats recommended increased food aid and a rescheduling of aid loan repayments, a burden for Pakistan's economy.

Washington viewed Pakistan as a bulwark against Communism in the 1950s, but Pakistanis saw their American connection mainly as support against India, not Communism.

"We have a concept here in Pakistan that we are strategically important to the Soviet Union, the United States and China — and we are mistaken," said a poultry company executive. "Now Pakistanis are finally realizing that America doesn't need us."

Pakistan police clash with students

RAWALPINDI, Dec. 2 (R) — Police Sunday clashed with more than 1,000 students demanding compensation from the Pakistan government and the United States for the death of a student killed during the attack on the U.S. embassy 11 days ago.

A student spokesman said about 50 people were arrested and an unknown number of students injured in 90 minutes of fighting.

The students, from Gordon College, an arts and science faculty of Punjab University, had attempted to march to the grave of 18-year-old Muhammad Asif, killed by a bullet during the burning of the U.S. embassy in Islamabad last month. Six persons were killed, including two Americans.

Witnesses said the students shouted demand for compensation for Muhammad Asif's family from Pakistan's government and the United States. They also demanded that a case for murder be registered against U.S. Ambassador Arthur Hummel.

Gordon College only reopened Sunday after universities in Rawalpindi and neighboring Islamabad were closed following the student-led attack on the U.S. embassy. It was immediately closed again.

Throughout Sunday's clash, several lorries full of soldiers stood by in case the disturbances spread to other parts of the city.

Meanwhile, foreign residents reported that unidentified people had begun questioning servants of foreigners living in the Pakistan capital to find out if their employers were Americans.

A U.S. embassy spokesman said they were aware of this but were unable to determine whether "someone was planning more mischief" or hoping to steal from the houses left behind by about 300 Americans evacuated after the burning of the U.S. mission.

The spokesman said U.S. diplomats were holding regular consultations on security with the Pakistan authorities and the questioning of servants was an issue which had been raised.



PLACARD: Three-year-old Shelli Kelly of Gainesville, Fla., waves a pro-Iranian placard prior to a march organized by the African People's Socialist Party last week.

Iran delegation visiting Syria

DAMASCUS, Dec. 2 (R) — A delegation representing the Iranian Revolutionary Council arrived here from Paris Saturday night. Muhammad Ali Hadi, head of the delegation thanked Syria in a statement after his arrival "for its stand toward the U.S. — Iranian crisis." Hadi who has visited Tunisia, Libya, Algeria and France was scheduled to meet Syrian officials Sunday.

Monk found dead near Nablus

TEL AVIV, Dec. 2 (AP) — A Greek Orthodox monk was found killed over the weekend by a hand grenade in mysterious circumstances. A military spokesman said Sunday that a monastery guard discovered the mangled body Friday at the Beer Yaacov Monastery near Nablus, in the occupied West Bank. Security forces found the monk's small cellar room riddled with shrapnel.

New Golan force chief named

UNITED NATIONS, Dec. 2 (R) — Secretary General Kurt Waldheim has named Col. Guenther Greindl of Austria as commander of the U.N. peacekeeping force in the Golan Heights, succeeding Maj. Gen. Hannes Philipp, also of Austria. Greindl has been officer-in-charge of the force since Philipp was named to head a U.N. operation for Namibia (South-West Africa) during that territory's process of transition to independence from South Africa.

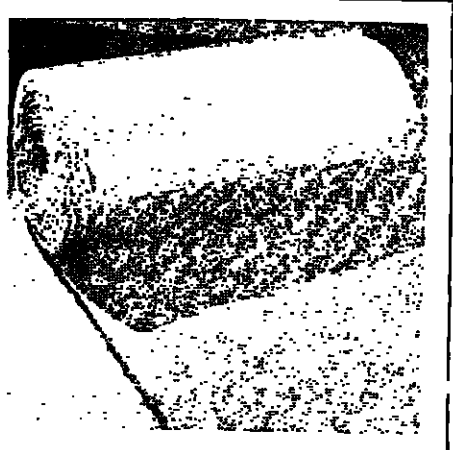


DAMAGED: Pakistani President Gen. Zia-ul-Haq (left) last week visited the damaged classrooms of the Presentation Convent High School in Rawalpindi which was set on fire on Nov. 21 by demonstrators on the same day the U.S. embassy was also set ablaze at Islamabad.



Johns-Manville

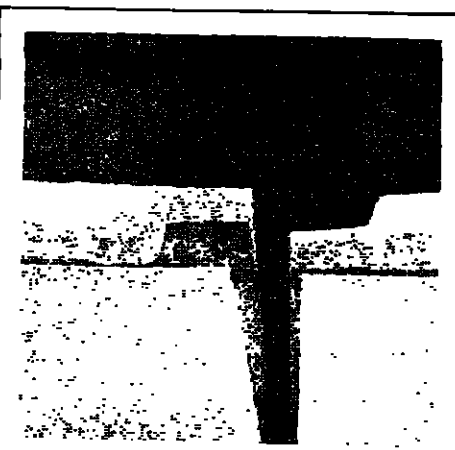
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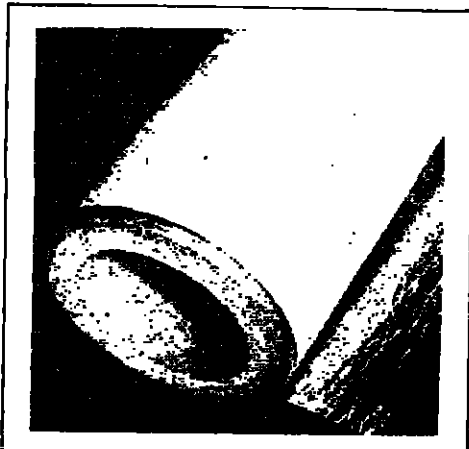
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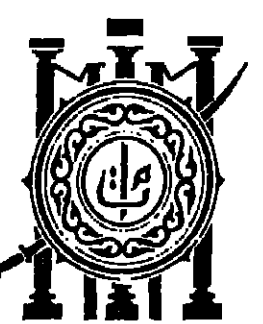
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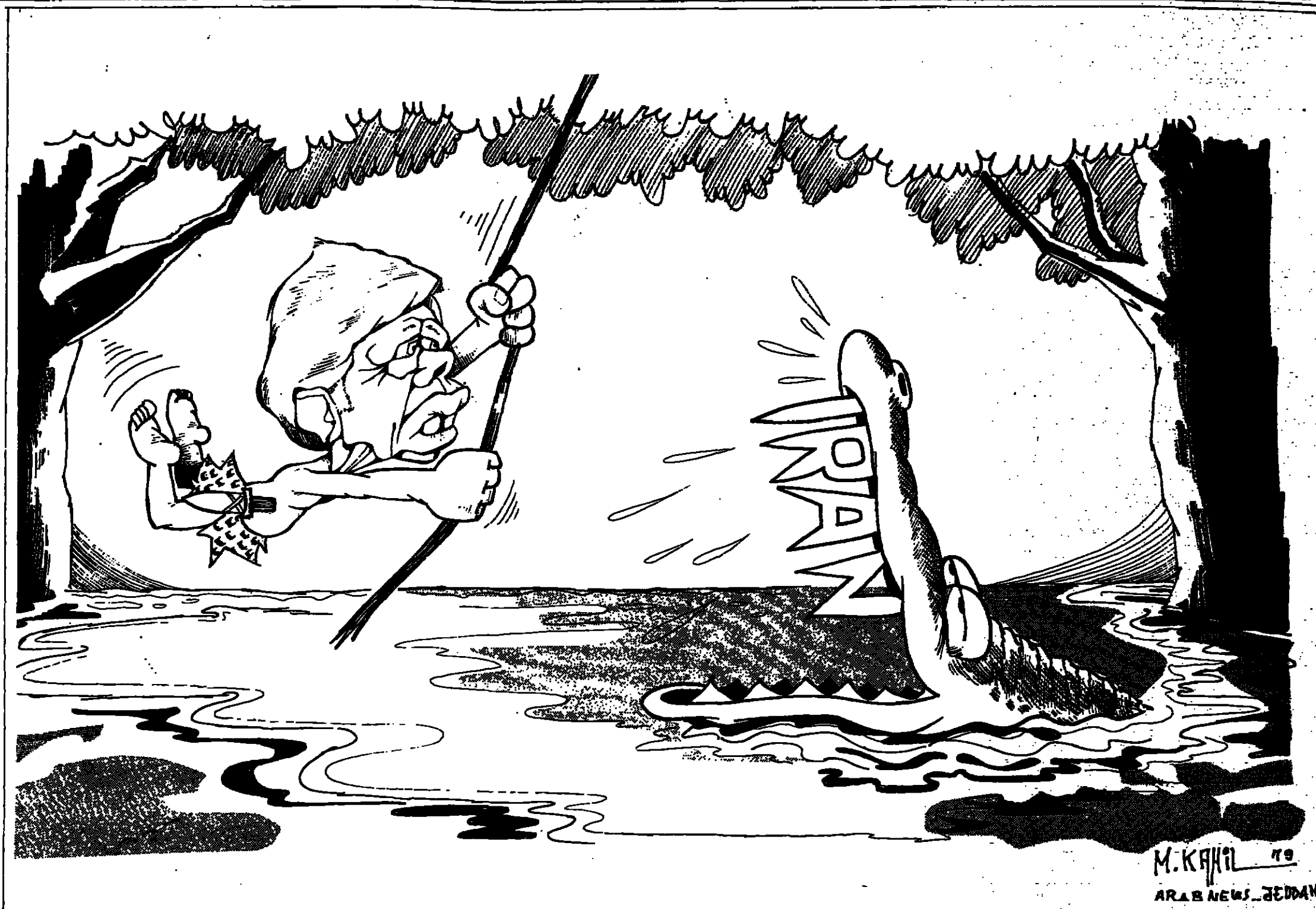
A CRITIQUE OF KENNEDY

As the American presidential campaigns continue, Arab observers grow more and more convinced that, so far as it relates to the problems of the Middle East, the incumbent is by far their best bet from among the candidates. One of the reasons for this is that President Carter, if he secures reelection to the White House, will be free from the pressure of seeking a further term in office. The usual constraints this imposes on a president in this direction will therefore not affect him.

The other reason has to be sheer alarm at the prospect of Senator Edward Kennedy at the helm in the United States. He is now the strongest candidate; and has always been known to take an uncritical pro-Zionist and pro-Israeli stance. His last outburst came in a speech in Los Angeles in which he called upon the United States not to sacrifice Israel for a barrel of oil. He then added that the Iranian crisis will enable the United States to understand Israel's refusal to enter into a dialogue with the Palestine Liberation Organization. He was making a comparison between the occupation of the American embassy in Tehran and the policy he ascribes to the PLO, which according to him seeks Israel's destruction. His point was that the Americans are now in a position to understand the depth of Israel's feelings towards "terrorism".

The senator, to put it mildly, is sadly confused. But, as a candidate for the U.S. presidency, he does not have the excuse of the ignorant who, as the news from the United States has it, habitually now confuse Iranians and Arabs. He is also quite incapable of seeing that the "terrorists" are in fact ruling Israel and directing her policy. And that there is no question of the U.S. "sacrificing" Israel for a barrel of oil or whatever; since the question is no more than that of a just and comprehensive peace in the Middle East.

The senator, however, has always been more interested in the domestic side of American politics, making his habitual noises in support of Israeli propaganda only to keep his claim to the presidency ticking. He is also, from what one can glean from the American media, a man of numerous other concerns, not all of them overtly or strictly political. Hence, it is said, the shaky geography and the less than honest rhetoric.



Carter's silver lining in the Iran crisis

By Brooks Jackson

WASHINGTON — The Iranian crisis may be restricting U.S. President Jimmy Carter's travels for his reelection campaign, but it is not losing him votes.

It is a basic rule in U.S. politics that, up to a point, a crisis is always good for a president.

This is especially true when the crisis involves a foreign power attacking U.S. interests, as the Ayatollah Khomeini and his followers have been doing for a month.

The political danger for Carter, however, comes when the crisis has gone.

His opponents will no longer feel constrained to silently support him. Eventually, voters must decide whether Carter delivered the leadership they expected.

Such crisis stir patriotic emotions. Citizens tend to put aside other considerations — the cost of

gasoline, for example — and unite against the common enemy.

They turn for leadership to the only person in a position to exercise it: the president, whoever he is.

Thus Carter, who is scheduled to officially announce his reelection campaign Tuesday, stands to benefit greatly from the Iran crisis.

First, it allows him to appear "presidential," above the grubby business of politics.

Second, it allows him to silence his opponents, both Republicans and Democrats. Carter can depict any criticism of his leadership as an irresponsible threat to the well-being of the hostages.

Here is the way Carter played it at his nationally broadcast news conference last week:

"I will have to continue to restrict my own political activities and call on those who might be opposing me in the future for president to support my position as president and to provide unity for our country and for our nation in the eyes of those who might be looking for some sign of weakness or

division in order to perpetuate their abuse of the hostages."

It was no accident that Carter held that news conference during prime television-watching time in the evening, and in the stately east room of the White House rather than in the workaday auditorium he usually uses. He aimed for the biggest possible audience, and the most "presidential" setting.

Earlier, Republican presidential contender John Connally complained that Carter was unfairly asking candidates not to make inflammatory statements while himself denouncing the Iranians. It was in a way a tribute to Carter's political sense.

Carter stands to benefit politically from a massive public relations campaign launched from the White House last week. His press secretary, Jody Powell, sent 7,500 mailgrams and letters to newspapers, magazines, broadcast stations and other news outlets saying Carter endorsed the ringing of church bells and the writing of letters to Iran's U.N. mission as a

show of national unity.

Powell insisted the publicly financed campaign was "non-partisan" because the bell-ringing and letter-writing had first been suggested by a Republican senator, Charles Mathias of Maryland, and a career diplomat, Bruce Laingen, who is under house arrest at the Foreign Ministry in Tehran. Powell took pains to say the president wanted support not for his handling of the crisis, but for the hostages.

Powell's letter also says: "It is of overriding importance that Iranian authorities understand that Americans are united in their determination not to yield to blackmail in the demand for the safe return of the hostages."

United behind whom? Who has been denouncing "blackmail?" The president, of course.

The political effects are inevitable. Politician Carter can campaign quite effectively just by staying in the White House and being the chief executive. (AP)

A nervous Thailand casts a wary eye toward Vietnam

By Keyes Beech

BANGKOK — "If two Vietnamese armored divisions cross the Thai border at 7 a.m., a Western military attaché said, 'I'll guarantee you that they'll be in Bangkok for breakfast the next day, without leaving the main highway.'"

That sums up the prevailing view of the comparative military strength of Vietnam and Thailand, the two major powers of what is sometimes called the "soft underbelly of Southeast Asia."

But there is nothing soft about the Vietnamese belly, said the military attaché, who has served in both Vietnam and Thailand. "It's lean and hard. The Thai belly is not only soft, it's paunchy."

If the Thais seem nervous these days, it is because they face a new ball game which they are ill-prepared to play.

In 1975 when the Communists took control of Cambodia and Vietnam, many U.S. policy makers talked of Thailand as "the next domino" in the Communist takeover of Southeast Asia.

That talk died down as the Communists consolidated their holds in the two countries. But it rose again after last winter's Vietnamese invasion of Cambodia which stopped only after driving the

forces of Cambodian Premier Pol Pot to the Thai border.

Now, for the first time in history, Vietnam and Thailand face each other across what amounts to a common frontier.

The Vietnamese acting foreign minister, Nguyen Co Thach, said Hanoi has no intention of invading Thailand. But the Vietnamese warned Thai Prime Minister Chuanphak "not to play with fire" by lending comfort to the Pol Pot forces.

While few observers think the Vietnamese will invade Thailand, military experts would not be surprised if Hanoi launched a limited strike across the border to "give the Thais a bloody nose and scare the hell out of them," as one attaché put it.

Militarily, the Thais are outclassed in every department. Their 160,000-man army is riddled with politics and corruption. Most of the country's 400 or so generals and admirals are concentrated in Bangkok, where business and politics are traditional military pursuits.

Roughly half the Thai armed forces and 40 per cent of the army's tank force are also in Bangkok, partly for domestic political reasons and partly because life is more comfortable here than in remote border regions.

"This army likes gracious living," one attaché said acidly.

U.S. arms shipments to Thailand have accelerated in recent weeks to match rising tensions on the Thai-Cambodian border. Among other things, the Thais have received the first four of an order of 18 F-5E fighter-bombers. The United States has also delivered the first batch of a promised 150 new tanks.

But neither the Americans nor the Thais have any illusions about stopping the Vietnamese if they cross the border in force.

The border — long, twisting and sometimes ill-defined — is indefensible in the most crucial sector. At best, Thai troops could serve only as a screening force.

By contrast, Vietnam is Southeast Asia's paramount military power. It has close to 60 divisions, many of them battle-tested, and a total of 700,000 men (and women) under arms.

Hanoi has 200,000 men, including some of its best divisions, deployed against the Chinese along its northern border. It has 20 divisions, or a total of about 180,000 men, committed to Cambodia, plus 50,000 more in Laos on Thailand's northern border.

Many of the troops in Cambodia are reported to be South Vietnamese conscripts with little enthusiasm for their job. Some have deserted and crossed the border into Thailand, but this is cold

comfort to the Thais, who tend to regard all Vietnamese as supermen, especially in view of Hanoi's victory over the United States.

Thais and Vietnamese have one thing in common. Both came originally from southern China. But there the resemblance ends. The Thais have not fought a major war on their own soil since the 18th century. In the last 40 years the Vietnamese have taken on the Japanese, the French, the Americans and the Chinese.

The Thais know that they have no hope of defeating the Vategy that has a battlefield, so they have fallen back on a strategy that has served them well in the past: "bamboo diplomacy."

While voicing its stern disapproval of the Vietnamese conquest of Cambodia, Thailand has officially adopted a policy of strict neutrality in the continuing fight between Vietnamese troops and Pol Pot's Khmer Rouge guerrillas.

At the same time, the Thais have openly given aid and comfort to the Pol Pot forces along the Cambodian border. And they have sought to "internationalize" — a Thai diplomat laughingly choked on the word — the Cambodian problem.

"A year ago nobody cared what happened to Cambodia," the diplomat said. "Today nearly everybody is talking about Cambodia. That's progress." — (LAT)

saudi press review

Newspapers Sunday mostly led with Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani's statement that dispatches of some foreign newspapers and agencies on the Holy Haram incident had distorted the facts, and adding that the Kingdom regretted their malicious approach to the situation. *Okaz* played as its lead story Tunisian President Bourguiba's support for the Kingdom's firm attitude in controlling the situation at the Meccan Grand Mosque. *Al-Riyadh* led with King Khaled's meeting with the Venezuelan oil minister in Riyadh.

Newspapers gave front-page treatment to live TV interviews with some of the pilgrims on the Mecca incident, and reported the Arab League Secretary General Chedli Klibi as cautioning the United Nations General Assembly about the explosive situation in the Middle East and demanding stringent measures against Israel.

Newspapers highlighted the Information Minister's call to newspapers and agencies to deal with the situation in Mecca with an

objective and prudent approach.

In an editorial, *Al-Riyadh* hit hard on "malicious media agencies which distorted the incident at the Holy Haram. The American and European news agencies will take it lightly if the Irish revolutionaries blast scores in London, but will raise a storm in a tea cup if a middle school student quarrelled with his teacher in Riyadh, without hesitating to describe it as an 'armed revolt,'" the paper said. It added that "the airports of London, Paris and Rome suffer from frequent strikes and the streets of London are dumped with stinking garbage due to strikes, but these events do not receive much attention."

In Tunis, the paper said, an Agence France Presse (AFP) correspondent in reporting the Mecca incident said that Crown Prince Fahd would leave for Riyadh the day following. When asked about the source of her information, the correspondent simply withdrew, the paper added.

The paper regretted that foreign news agencies dealt with the

Meccan incident as if it constituted

a threat to peace in the Middle East. "They did not care to send any of their representatives to Riyadh to see for themselves the mass condemnation of the heretic act perpetrated by the renegades in the Holy Haram." The paper blamed them for being indifferent toward facts and said "their aim was far beyond peace in the Middle East. As they are living amid a society of murder and killing, they cannot imagine that people here, and in the Gulf region, should live in peace and tranquillity and move about from one place to another without fear of being killed or kidnapped," it said.

The paper advised the people to be on guard against the foreign news agencies and "to realize the danger they pose to our social integrity in the Gulf in particular and in the Muslim East in general." It described foreign press comments as "venomous channels" serving the military and political interests of their countries.

Al-Jazirah said it was quite

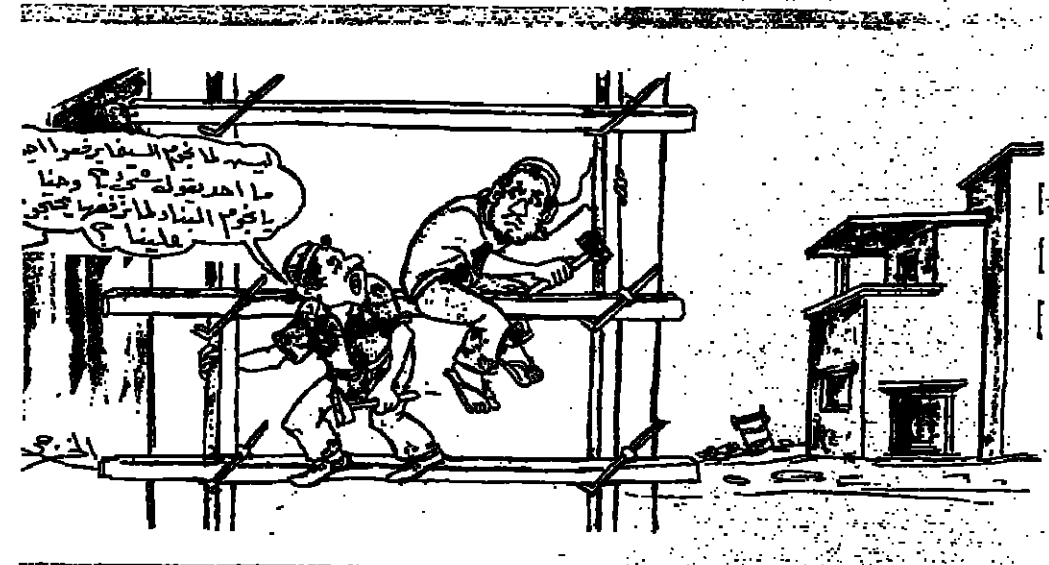
unimaginable that some foreign newspapers and agencies should have gone against the norms of journalism while reporting the Meccan incident. The paper endorsed the Information Minister's feelings on the foreign press attitude, and said the Kingdom's officials continued to provide the agencies with the latest details, believing that they would inform their people with the facts, so that they are not led away by rumors and speculations.

The paper regretted that "our colleagues in the profession should have stooped so low in spreading concocted stories about the Holy Haram. It is regrettable that their conscience was full of malice, so they began fabricating the news in full frenzy without being ashamed of their actions. They did not even care for the reactions and the results that their unpleasant action might entail, especially as they were connected with the sanctities of over 600 million Muslims of the world," the paper said.

Al-Bilad also held similar views

when it said that, despite the state's keenness to place the facts before the citizens and world public opinion, some "malicious media projected a distorted image of the incidents and kept the people away from making an objective analysis of the situation. These tendentious news media cannot, however, tarnish our information principles which are based on integrity and truthfulness," it said.

The paper added that the rumors spread by the foreign agencies in connection with the Holy Haram incident will die down, as previous campaigns against the Kingdom had been lost in the wilderness. "The cohesion between the leadership and the people will prove to be a hard rock against which all malicious attempts and propagandas will smash. The incident will provide us with a spur for further cohesion and alertness that will enable us to confront the enemy propagandas and fabrications against us," said the paper.



"Firas stars are not confronted with protests when they raise their fees. Why do we have to hear all this din when we do so? After all, we're also building stars!" — *Al-Riyadh*

مكتبة الشمل

Over amabad

By Pat Bayer

Stuart Averbach

WASHINGTON — Four-
Christopher Dornan
his face to the wall in an

hib okay,
ib okay"

nal suburban Virginia
om as his mother talked
s ordeal.

my biggest concern
Ramona Dornan said,
eping it all in, and won't
to me about it. I never
at he's thinking."

an a week ago, Christ-
uddled with his father
e makeshift shelter of a
ashcan lid as a mob
the family's apartment in
Embassy compound in

ly, where are we going to
the blond, freckle-
asked as he watched his

ther, who was evacuated
son to the United States
the soot-spattered clo-
was wearing and one
has no answer for Chris-

her, Thomas, was one of
Embassy employees who
in Islamabad to con-
work.

on't have any insurance;
have any home," said
nan who lost all her pos-
in the riot and fire that
d the embassy com-
I don't know what will
ow. We have no money,
no checkbook." Not
itification.

ame the State Depart-
take care of us some-

opher, once a cheerful
se paintings filled a room
rents' Islamabad apart-
ings now from one bad
another.

he's quiet, then he'll cry,
he's angry," his mother
ben I ask him a question,
wer my question with
question."

Jonan and her son were
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ast week and put up tem-
in an Arlington, Virginia

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it in the embassy com-
at Wednesday, the family
as rioters systematically
everything they owned
ire to the rubble.

about 20 minutes, the
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olders to a waiting truck.
uck drove toward Pakis-
y headquarters, but was
20 minutes later at a
k, where busloads of stu-
mandated that the Ameri-
be turned over to them as

rooms agreed to take the
truck and load them
sp. "When Tom kissed me
s, we both felt the obvious,
s we didn't say it. We
that we would never be
again."

a half hour later, at the
headquarters, the family
nited. The jeep had set off
direction the students had
led, then circled back to

Pakistanis didn't speak
but all the way along they
ling us, 'Sahib okay, sahib
We didn't believe it."

an, who left her purse and
t behind, said she now



Smoke pours out of the Marine Corps house at the American Embassy in Islamabad two days after the mob burned the compound to the ground on Nov. 21.

must convince her local bank to let
her draw on the family's accounts.
She and her husband have lived
abroad, in Vietnam, Mexico and
Pakistan, for 10 years.

"When I think about what we
went through and how close we
came to death in that six-hour
period, I can't imagine that any-
thing worse can happen. I'm sure
we'll manage somehow."

But she's not sure where she
and Christopher will live when
they leave the hotel. She is consid-
ering visiting relatives in Mas-
sachusetts and Montana, but is
reluctant to wander far from
Washington and its possible link
with her husband.

Nor is she anxious to leave her
fellow evacuees.

"We're like a family now, those
who went through it. We don't
want to be separated. It's impor-
tant for me to stick together with
other whose husbands aren't
here."

Unlike Mrs. Dornan, who said
she "never, never" wants to return
to Islamabad, State Department
narcotics expert Stan Samuelson
said he hopes to go back in a few
months.

Samuelson and his wife, Jean,
who managed to bring four suit-
cases, their tax records and a Turk-
ish rug to the United States with
them, said they were caught by
surprise.

"It makes it much more difficult
when you believe it won't happen
in your post," said Samuelson, a
North Dakotan who has lived
overseas on diplomatic assign-
ments for 22 years. "If I've ever
felt secure in an area, it was
Islamabad. There had been no
indication of any anti-American
sentiment."

The Samuelsons' house was
outside the embassy compound
and untouched by the riot. They
are planning a December vacation
to visit their children in Arizona
and don't know what they will do
after that.

"It's just starting to hit people
now," Samuelson said. "All of a
sudden you realize you don't
know where you're going or what
you're doing."

The Americans left under cover
of a pre-dawn darkness in army
buses and trucks Friday.

A Pan American jumbo jet
evacuated more than 400 Ameri-
cans from Pakistan — mostly
dependents of embassy personnel
but including about 60 U.S. gov-
ernment employees deemed to be
non-essential and about 40
American citizens who wanted to
leave the country.

The evacuation came under
orders from Secretary of State
Cyrus Vance as U.S. diplomats
here complained long and loud
over how long it took the Pakistan
government to rescue them from a
raging mob that set fire to the
embassy and kept them pinned
there for six hours.

Ambassador Arthur Hummel
warned the Americans leaving
here against making critical com-
ments about the Pakistan gov-
ernment's response to continual
calls for help.

Hummel said these remarks
could endanger Americans held
hostage in Tehran and the staff
remaining in Islamabad.

The Pakistan army ran the
evacuation, gathering Americans
in buses at 3 a.m. for the 14-mile
ride to the airport in Rawalpindi.
Ironically, some of the buses
belonged to the public transporta-
tion company that had given free
rides to students and youths to
attack the embassy.

Coffins carrying two Americans
killed, Marine Col. Steven Crow-
ley, 19, shot in the head while
defending the embassy roof, and
Army Warrant Officer Brian Ellis,
30, whose body was found Thurs-
day in his burned out apartment in
the embassy compounds were also
aboard the plane.

For the rest of the Americans
going home, the V.I.P. room at the
airport was a scene of trying chil-
dren, tearful adults and cheerful
teenagers.

Slightly more than 300 people
got on the plane. The rest would
be loaded at Karachi, where the
State Department has a regional
office to handle administrative
details for the Near East and
South Asia. (WP)

White House Years: Middle East 1970 (VI)

Editor's note: In the last installment of former Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's memoirs, he described the precarious agreement between Egypt and Israel to a halting of troop and equipment transport and to a ceasefire.

At this juncture I advised the President that we were expending all our credit with the Israelis simply to establish a cease-fire before the talks had even begun. And these talks were certain to bring even more deep-seated disagreements to the surface. The Soviets and Nasser were likely to be tempted to believe that we are willing to acquiesce in their violations of the standstill ceasefire, despite our direct warnings to them and our promises to Israel. This has serious consequences for our current initiative in the Middle East, the longer term prospects for the area generally, and US-Soviet relations. It was crucial to take a harder line against violations of the cease-fire and to bring their responsibilities home to the Soviets.

A rational discussion of these issues was made next to impossible by the extraordinary diplomatic procedures that had developed in the previous eighteen months, and by the personal rivalry between Rogers and me. Nixon's penchant for operating through his assistants rather than his Cabinet could be managed — if with great tension — so long as the White House was indeed in charge. But when operational control of sensitive negotiations left the White House, the weakness of the system became glaring. The State Department simply did not know enough about the President's thinking to pursue the nuances of his policy. Its tendency to nudge matters in its own preferred direction and to interpret Presidential instruction in a manner compatible with its preconceptions made matters worse. It was impossible to formulate Presidential instructions with any confi-

dence that the intangibles under-
lying them would be understood or
implemented.

I could have acted as an inter-
mediary had my relations with
Rogers been happier. But by the
summer of 1970 it was clear to him
that he was being excluded from
key decisions on almost all issues
except the Middle East, or else
brought in so late that his role was
that of a ratifier rather than of a
policy formulator. Indeed, it must
have occurred to him that it could
not be happenstance that so many
Presidential decisions were taken
when he was on foreign trips. His
pride did not let him admit that
this could take place only at the
instance of his old friend, the Pres-
ident. He therefore blamed me.
Nor was he totally wrong. Nixon
distrusted State and wanted sensi-
tive matters handled by the White
House alone, but my presence
made the two-channel procedures
possible and I was quite willing to
step into the breach to conduct
negotiations with my small staff
and no interagency liaison. The
procedures so painful to Rogers
were clearly instigated by Nixon;
it is equally evident that I nurtured
them. Neither Rogers nor I must-
ered the grace to transcend an
impasse that we should have rec-
ognized was not in the national
interest. If we had been prepared
to overcome our not inconsider-
able egos, we could have com-
plemented each other's efforts.
Even then, of course, there would
have remained large areas of dis-
agreement on policy and tactics.

The Middle East was the one
subject on which Rogers was given
the responsibility and the author-
ity. And the Middle East cease-
fire had seemed like a great
triumph, the first uncontested

achievement of the Nixon
Administration in foreign policy.
Understandably, Rogers was
reluctant to face the prospect that
it might fail; he was acutely sensi-
tive to any hint of White House
interference. He tended to con-
sider my concerns as an attempt to
deprive him of his one field of
glory. Sisco was caught in the mid-
dle. Heroically, he sought to nav-
igate between conflicting, occa-
sionally irreconcilable perspec-
tives, and to remain loyal to both
his Secretary and his President.
He often steadied the ship, but he
was in no position to give it a clear
direction.

Only the President could do
that, but having decided not to
rely on the NSC staff for the Mid-
dle East, and distrusting the State
Department machinery, he was
left with no instrument for sus-
tained governmental action. His
usual response to controversy
among his advisers was procrasti-
nation. In areas under White
House control this did no ultimate
change because to some extent I
could manage events until they
forced a Presidential decision. But
in the passionate circumstances of
the Middle East the procedure
risked being outstripped by events
— a danger reinforced by Nixon's
annual August sojourn in San
Clemente, which slowed the
administrative pace on all Presi-
dential issues. Moreover, Nixon
was still toying with the idea that
he should weigh personally with a
Soviet summit. A meeting in San
Clemente on August 25 of the
President, Rogers, Sisco and me
ended inconclusively and acrimo-
niously after Rogers
accused me of seeking to foment a
crisis by being so insistent on
ceasefire violations. But crises
cannot be avoided by denying the
circumstances that produce them
or blaming the bearer of bad tid-
ings. By the end of August events
began to assert their own logic:

we were in danger of losing our
margin for decision precisely
because we pretended that we
could extend it through the
strenuous exercise of goodwill.

On August 28 the Soviets put
themselves clearly on Nasser's
side in this dispute, seizing the
occasion of a US communication
of August 8 that had informed
them we would be monitoring the
cease-fire with U-2 reconnais-
sance aircraft. (I thought that
communication a mistake then
because it would encourage the
Soviets to take a position on an
action which was needed to
monitor the agreement. It is gen-
erally unwise in diplomacy to raise
an issue when one is not prepared
to accept the likely response).
Their reply, to Sisco in Washing-
ton and Beam in Moscow, took us
to task on the U-2 flights, which
were described as a "new com-
plicating element"; in the Soviet
view they contradicted the terms
of the cease-fire, violated Egyp-
tian sovereignty, involved
"extremely serious complica-
tions," and also ran "the risk of
special surprise." I informed the
President, pointing out that the
Soviets probably had every reason
to be concerned about verification
of the cease-fire in impartial
hands. It would be easier for the
Soviets and Nasser to reject
charges of violations if they were
based only on Israeli surveillance.

By August 29 the head of the
State Department's Bureau of
Intelligence and Research, Ray
Cline, had concluded that instead
of one SA-2 site within the
thirty-kilometer zone, about
which we had protested the pre-
vious week, there were now seven or
eight, as well as three or four SA-3
sites. Most of these sites in his
judgment were almost certainly
built after the cease-fire went into
effect. On August 31 a CIA
assessment confirmed these con-
clusions.

A meeting of the President and
his senior advisers — Rogers,
Moorer, Laird, Helms, and me —
was now unavoidable, and it took
place on September 1 in San
Clemente. The President directed
that a very strong protest be made
in both Cairo and Moscow, and
that Israel be asked to send a rep-
resentative to the Jarring talks in
New York. On September 3 the
State Department publicly con-
firmed the violations, this time less
ambiguously but still with consid-
erable restraint, and indicated that
we would deal with the matter
only in diplomatic channels; con-
currently, Sukis kept urging that
the Jarring talks begin.

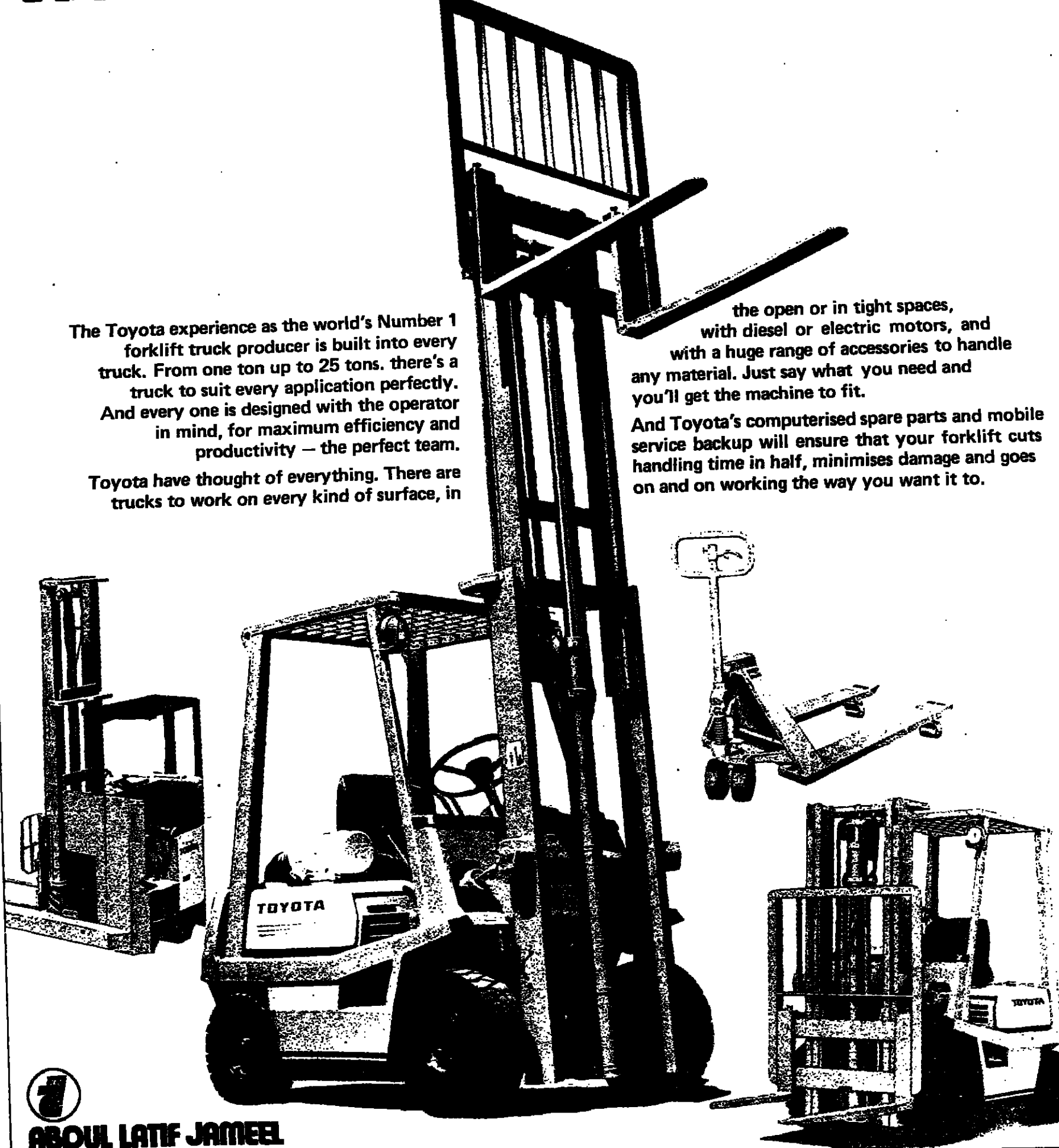
Both Egypt and the Soviet
Union continued to reject our pro-
tests. Cairo denied the charges on
September 4, in the process chal-
lenging our continued military
supply to Israel as inconsistent with
alleged assurances of restraint. On
September 6, Deputy Foreign
Minister Sergei Vinogradov told
Beam that the Soviet Union had
concluded no cease-fire agree-
ment with the United States and
was therefore not responsible for
any violations. Vinogradov noted
the "strange arrangement"
whereby the United States was
supervising the cease-fire without
any request from Egypt and violat-
ing Egyptian territory by overfly-
ing the Sinai. About the same
time, the Soviet charge delivered a
message in Washington express-
ing concern over an allegedly
impending Israeli preemptive
attack on the missile sites. The
Soviets asked us to take steps to
prevent this. We had no such evi-
dence. I thought it was part of the
perennial Soviet effort to put us on
the defensive. I told Sisco to pass
the warning to the Israelis without
comment, but not to confirm to
the Soviets that he had done so.
There was no sense in letting them
score easy points in Cairo as pro-
tectors of the Arabs.

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Debate heats up over Bavaria's tough stand on political asylum

BONN, Dec. 2 (AP) — Despite a reputation as a haven for Communism, West Germany's most conservative state has been quietly turning away some would-be Soviet bloc refugees, condemning them to almost certain imprisonment back home.

Officials of the state of Bavaria, which borders East Germany and Czechoslovakia, confirm that since 1977, nine would-be refugees were returned to their Eastern European homelands because they did not meet standards for political asylum.

In addition, Bavarian officials say more than 50 others were refused entry into West Germany during 1978. All of them were sent back to non-Communist countries, the Bavarians said.

But federal officials in Bonn claim the Bavarians, who perform immigration chores along their stretch of West Germany's borders, acted illegally because the refugees were denied the right of appeal.

Singh blames corruption, poverty on Indira Gandhi

NEW DELHI, Dec. 2 (R) — Indian Prime Minister Charan Singh Sunday blamed former Premier Indira Gandhi for the increased poverty and corruption in the country.

Singh told an election rally in the northern town of Dehradun that big industrial firms were financing Mrs. Gandhi's Congress party.

Singh said Mrs. Gandhi's party would be using 1,000 jeeps for campaigning in the northern Pradesh state, where both sides are vying for power.

He said Mrs. Gandhi had helped big industrial concerns to increase their wealth when she was in power for 11 years until her election defeat in 1977.

The attack came one day after her party released its election manifesto saying the former premier was the only leader who could save the country after the "traumatic experience" of the past two-and-a-half years.

Uttar Pradesh is the country's most populous state and elects 85 members to the 544-seat lower house in New Delhi.

All 85 seats went to the Janata Party in the 1977 election when it gained power. But the Janata split last July when Singh, leader of the

Others say the refugees should have been granted asylum as victims of political oppression because they face imprisonment back home for leaving without permission.

At the heart of the dispute is West Germany's liberal political asylum law, under which thousands of people from Eastern Europe have entered this country. Critics of the law claim it has been abused by foreigners seeking a better standard of living or an easier material life.

The controversy may also prove politically embarrassing to Bavarian Premier Franz Josef Strauss, who will run against Chancellor Helmut Schmidt in the 1980 elections.

Strauss and his conservative Christian Social Union Party, which dominates Bavarian politics, have long championed human rights causes and have urged a tougher stand in support of political freedom in Communist Europe.

"Already it can be said this is the biggest political scandal in Bavaria in the last 10 years," said Gerhard Zech, a spokesman for the opposition Free Democrats.

The controversy erupted in mid-November when *Der Spiegel* magazine, a longtime opponent of Strauss, revealed the case of two young Czechoslovaks refused asylum last year.

According to *Der Spiegel*, Vratislav Cermak and Juraj Zilka deserted a tour group in Yugoslavia in the summer of 1978 and made their way into neutral Austria.

They hitchhiked into West Germany Oct. 11, 1978 and two days later reported to the immigration office at Straubing, where they asked for political asylum.

But instead of receiving asylum, the two young Czechs were jailed and after a series of hearings were sent back to Czechoslovakia Nov. 23, 1978.

It is uncertain what happened to the pair. But Czechoslovak law provides jail terms of between six months and five years for those who try to leave without official permission.

After the story broke in mid-November, Bavarian Interior Minister Gerold Tandler confirmed the account and admitted seven others, including four Czechs and a Hungarian, had also been turned away.

Two of the seven were deported back to Czechoslovakia, he said, and the Hungarian was flown to Budapest. The others were sent to Communist Yugoslavia, which has a more liberal emigration policy.

Soviet air force boosted in Far East, Japan told

TOKYO, Dec. 2 (AP) — U.S. Air Force officials have warned top-ranking Japanese air force officers that the Soviet Union has improved its air attack capability in the Far East, a Japanese newspaper reported Sunday.

The *Yomiuri Shimbun*, a national daily, quoted "reliable sources" in the defense agency as saying the latest analysis was based on a briefing the U.S. Air Force gave the Japanese Air Self Defense officials in the United States last month.

The Americans told the Japanese that the Soviet Far East Air Force had been improved "both qualitatively and quantitatively".

the newspaper quoted the sources as saying.

The officials would give few details, but said the Soviets had added MiG 23B's, MiG 27's and SU 19 and SU 20 fighter-bombers to its Far East forces. All have improved performance both in size and speed from conventional models, the paper said.

The U.S. officials told the Japanese Soviet air power now include 730 planes, including more than 400 modernized bombers, capable of reaching all parts of Japan, the *Yomiuri* reported, adding that at least 10 supersonic "backfire" bombers are also deployed in the Far East.



EEC SUMMIT: Leaders of the European Economic Community are seen as they opened a conference last week in Dublin. The main topic was a British demand that London get an equitable rebate on its contribution to the EEC budget. But other member leaders objected.

Rich-poor split widens

World food policy on tightrope

ROME, Dec. 2 (USICA) — Whether to develop food or develop farmers is the poignant choice facing many developing nations, in the opinion of U.S. officials attending the current United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) meeting.

Sometimes, these officials say, to produce food fast can only be done at the cost of making poor farmers poorer, while rich farmers grow richer.

Often the fastest way is to encourage large-scale farming and give farmers the tools they need—miracle seeds (the Green Revolution), fertilizers, water, credit. Many countries, such as Mexico, India and Pakistan, have tried this with dramatic success.

India today has warehouses bulging with surplus grains. But millions still go hungry because they cannot afford to buy the grain. And, ironically, many of those hungry are impoverished peasants, without land or with land holdings so small and poor that they cannot feed themselves or their families.

U.S. officials point out that India is taking the lead at the FAO conference in raising the priority of agriculture in general and poor farmers in particular. Its resolution, "Freedom from hunger by 1984," gets down to the practical things that must be done to put purchasing power in the hands of

the small peasant.

The resolution speaks of food-for-work programs, government extension programs, bringing appropriate techniques to small farmers, "nutrition gardens," and food programs for the old, the young and for pregnant women.

Production alone is not enough. The United States encourages this and other plans that link increased production with increased income and consumption.

There are two kinds of demand, officials say. One is "effective demand" or the demand of the market place, of those with money in their pockets to buy the food that is produced. This is the demand that creates apparent shortages in the world, as people bid up prices when harvests are short. As more people earn more income, this "effective demand" goes up.

But beyond this effective demand is the silent specter of another, more tragic demand—the demand of the poor.

Five years ago, when the 1974 World Food Conference called for an end to hunger in a decade, there were an estimated 500 million persons lacking sufficient food around the world. Today, half-way to the end of that decade, there are still 500 million hungry. Even the most optimistic forecast predicts 250 million will still be hungry by the end of this century.

"Those are the people who are always going to be hungry," officials say, "until the economic system changes and there's a better distribution of incomes."

Most of the hungry live in the country side where food is produced.

Colombia mass trial snuffs leftist violence

BOGOTA, Dec. 2 (OFNS) — The mass trial in Bogota of suspects captured in the Colombian army's campaign against the M-19 rebel movement marks an increasing successful crackdown on terrorism.

219 people, including three foreigners, the wife of a prominent sociologist, a leading theater director and a former secret police drug squad commander, have been charged with crimes ranging from simple "rebellion" to stealing guns from the army, kidnapping and murder.

The trial is a military court martial under the controversial "security statute" passed by President Julio Cesar Turbay Ayala soon after taking office last year. It is being held in the chapel of the dreaded "La Picota" maximum security prison on the outskirts of Bogota, and is expected to last about a year.

M-19 claims origins in the populist movement founded by a former dictator, Gen. Gustavo Rojas Pinilla; its title stands for the "19th April Movement," the day in 1970 when the general's election victory was supposedly snatched by fraud.

The group first struck nearly six years ago with a publicity raid on a museum to steal the sword and spurs of independence hero Simon

Bolivar. The attacks soon became violent, with the kidnapping and execution of a labor leader, "treason to the working class" followed by bank robberies further kidnappings for funds.

M-19 ushered in 1979 by netting into a military arm leaving with 4,700 weapons triggering an infuriated crackdown by the army. An estimated 6,000 suspects were rounded up, face treatment ranging from standing blindfold for days to brutal torture.

Four people are known to have died—two from "heart attack" and two from "pulmonary edema." However, military civilian authorities deny any violation of human rights. Justice Minister Hugo Escobar says claims a captured book of instructions urged prisoners to claim torture to gain public sympathy. "The torture rumors have been very useful," he told me. "The ones are so frightened that they confess everything before they even ask."

The trial opened at a high price for army morale. The previous week troops had captured an entire M-19 unit in the jungle of the south, with its "people's prison" for holding hostages, a Peruvian who is claimed to be a technical adviser on rebel tactics.

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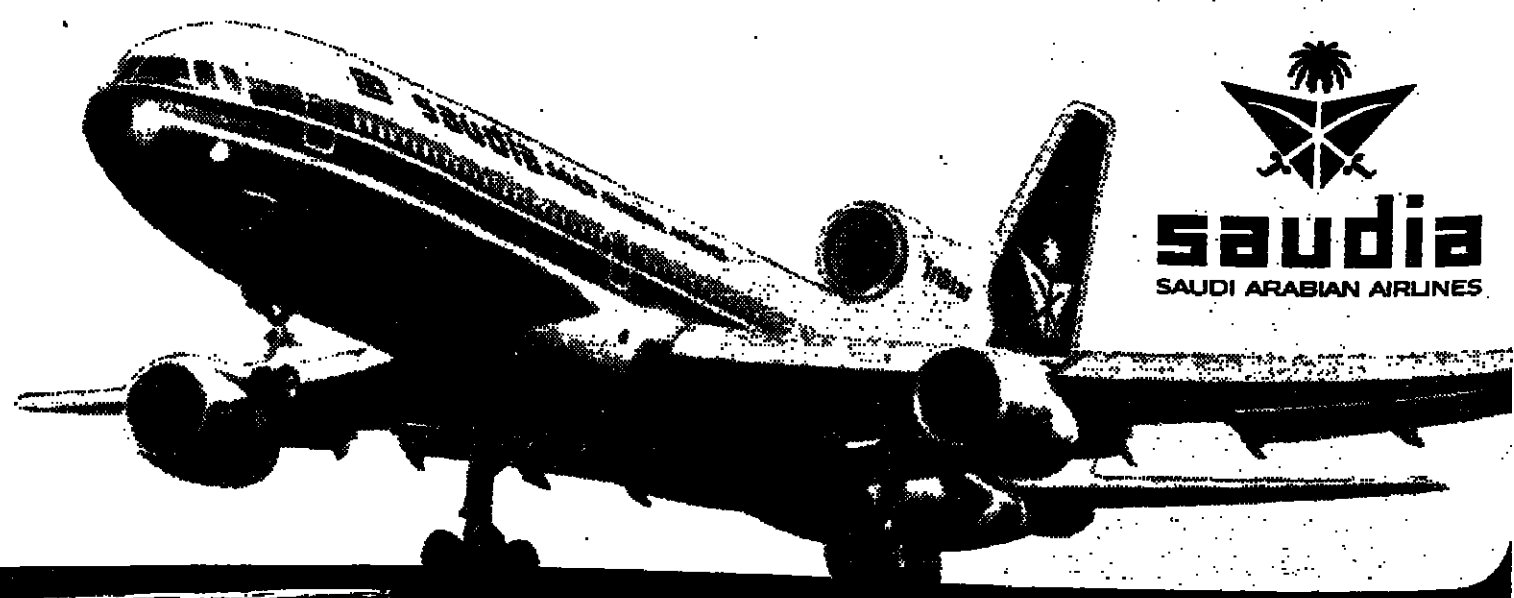
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Pope urges increase aid to Cambodians

CAN CITY, Dec. 2 (AP) — Pope John Paul II in a letter to the faithful for the plight of Cambodians, said that man's right to survive was being threatened in South East Asia. The current course of events, he said, was "a letter written in the blood" and a "vaster emigration in South Asia" if forced exiles have in almost every age, the Pope said, which we have our eyes today presents dimensions which are incalculable consequences.

He recalled that the pontiff has on several occasions this year urged the international community to help the starving Cambodians. He said that only small quantities of aid had been distributed to the population.

French parliamentary delegation that recently visited Cambodia. Deputies of the French Democratic Union charged that international aid was being improperly distributed and siphoned off by the Vietnamese who prop up the Phnom Penh regime.

The statement also noted that "more important" aid from the Soviet Union, Vietnam and other Socialist nations continues to arrive in Cambodia and is also being distributed.

Controversy has surrounded the relief question since some diplomatic and refugee sources said last week that Vietnam was intent on starving the Cambodian population out of existence.

That charge was supported to some extent by the charge of French deputies.

Relief sources said opportunities for international officials to monitor the distribution were very limited.

This contradicted a statement made Saturday in Singapore by the man coordinating the Western relief effort, Malcolm Harper of the British charity Oxfam.

Harper said that, while there was widespread malnutrition, there was nothing to support assertions that the Cambodian government was refusing to distribute aid.

He said that he and his assistants had no difficulty in moving round areas under the government's control and monitoring distribution.



BEATLES HOUSE BURNS : Former drummer of the 'Beatles' Ringo Starr, right, watches as his house in Hollywood burns and firemen battle the blaze Wednesday. No one was injured but the house suffered \$ 135,000 damage.

Cambodia, Laos lash at China

S.E. Asia marks leftist victory

BANGKOK, Dec. 2 (AP) — Laos and Cambodia this weekend celebrated anniversaries of events which led to their current positions as pro-Vietnamese and pro-Soviet Communist nations. Laos Sunday marked the fourth anniversary of the foundation of the people's democratic republic, which saw the end of a pro-American regime in Vientiane and the end of more than 30 years of strife.

The Phnom Penh government of President Heng Samrin Saturday held a "solemn meeting" to celebrate the first anniversary of the founding of a rebel front which was put into power after a Vietnamese invasion ousted Premier Pol Pot.

The front of National Union for the Salvation of Cambodia was formed from defectors from the brutal Pol Pot regime and other dissidents.

The Phnom Penh news agency SPK said Sunday that Heng Samrin told the meeting that Cambodia's strong ties with Vietnam, Laos, the Soviet Union and other Socialist countries was a bulwark

against "the maneuvers of the imperialists and Peking expansionists."

He also reviewed his government's achievements since coming to power this year.

While Heng Samrin's front achieved victory through military means, Laos' Communists maneuvered politically through 1975 to oust a vacillating government in Vientiane.

Through well-orchestrated "popular demonstrations", the U.S. presence in Laos was all but dismantled and Communist leaders worked their way into key positions.

A hardline Marxist with close ties to Vietnam, Kaysoe Phomvihane, became premier.

In the Laotian capital thousands of soldiers, civil servants and residents marched through the streets Sunday to celebrate the Communist anniversary.

Vientiane, a city on the banks of the Mekong River, was decorated by flags and colorful lights.

Vietnam's official media lauded both anniversaries, stressing the themes of unity among the three

Indochinese nations — Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos — as well as the need to be vigilant in the face of threats from China and the capitalist world.

"The Vietnamese people pledge to defend and strengthen their special friendship with Laos as well as the militant solidarity among Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia," Vietnam's Communist Party newspaper *Nhan Dan* said Sunday.

People began gathering in Vientiane's streets during the night for a procession which climaxed on the fairgrounds of That Luang. Vientiane Gov. Prao Pimprachan, in a speech, called on refugees who had fled the country to return. More than 200,000, including the bulk of the former middle class, have fled the country since 1975.

He also urged soldiers and civilians to cooperate in fighting those forces who "intend to destroy peace in Laos." This obvious references to alleged threats from China prompted the charge d'affaires of the Chinese Embassy to leave abruptly.

Jewelry scandal goes deep

Japan companies' corruption exposed

TOKYO, Dec. 2 (OFNS) — The discovery of jewelry worth \$ 50,000 in the luggage of two young men passing through customs at Japan's Narita international airport has opened a Pandora's Box of corruption and influence-buying in the nation's International Cable and Telephone Company.

Beside forcing the resignation of the company's three top executives, it has led investigators on a chase from some of Tokyo's highest-priced nightclubs to the offices of politicians accused of accepting pay-offs and to private

homes where the executives stored French Impressionist paintings, furniture and brooches purchased with corporate funds.

It has also led to an assault on padded expense accounts in a society where business "entertainment" exceeds \$ 10 billion a year — 1 per cent of the gross national product and slightly more than the cost of maintaining the entire Japanese army, navy and air force.

Submerged beneath the activities of a handful of companies lies a shadowy system in which the exchange of money and gifts routinely smooths economic

and political relation on all levels. Just as a relative would never return from a trip without gifts for loved ones, so corporate executives find it necessary to hand out tokens of goodwill to those who have extended favors — or might be induced to do so.

On the most mundane level, companies entertain politicians, business associates and journalists, at lavish receptions costing between \$ 50 and \$ 100 a guest.

Often each guest goes home with a bit of prettily wrapped loot handed out by a smiling girl.

Democracy Wall nears end Poster ban kills China activists

PEKING, Dec. 2 (AP) — Tattered wall posters fluttered forlornly on "Democracy Wall" Saturday night as it approached its apparent end as the once robust voice of Chinese human rights.

Seemingly doomed after demands from the capital's lawmakers that it be abolished, the famous landmark drew only small clusters of silent Chinese readers peering at its messages under the dim street lights of Changan Avenue.

An atmosphere of doom and neglect surrounded the battered line of plaster and tile which for the past 12 months prodded Chinese of all stations to think more about the meaning of democracy and individual freedom than any other thing.

Human rights activists, threatened with arrest if they go too far, gave it a wide berth. None of them was available to comment on the fate of the old friend that has mirrored their hopes, longings and dissents.

Sunday is their traditional day to contact their Chinese and foreign sympathizers. But in view of the harsh attacks from official

quarters and the scattered arrests of the past few weeks, there was speculation over whether they might make a last, defiant stand.

The demand for abolition of the wall as being more trouble than it is worth came during a full meeting of the city's government, the Peking Revolutionary Committee.

It was called in response to similar sharp criticisms by members of the national parliament earlier in the week who insisted the city government in effect clean up the political mess the wall had created.

No decision was announced and the committee was said to be debating what to do next.

This wall and others burst into bloom last November at the height of the democratic wave set in motion by Senior Vice Premier Deng Xiaoping.

After years of disillusion and embitterment as members of the Cultural Revolution lost generation, thousands of youths responded with exuberance to Deng's call to a more democratic way of life.

Deng and his aging colleagues

in the Communist Party announced in the wake of this surge of enthusiasm that the nation would be given a new rule of law and the first freely elected legislatures in 25 years.

What went wrong after that is not clear. Some observers said the leadership used the gullible youths for their own purposes and then dropped them. Others said that the activists, scenting victory, galloped off without their riders.

Whatever the explanation, the youths hailed as patriots in November were being labeled the pariahs of March and April. By then, the government and party had withdrawn their support.

The activists' chief protagonist — the one looked up to by most of the others — was Wei Jingsheng, 29, Editor of a magazine called *Explorations*, he dipped his writing brush in gall when writing about the party leadership. It was a fight he could not win. Accused of seeking to overthrow the Socialist system and of giving military secrets to a foreigner, he was hit with a 15-year prison sentence in October and became the martyr of the activist movement.

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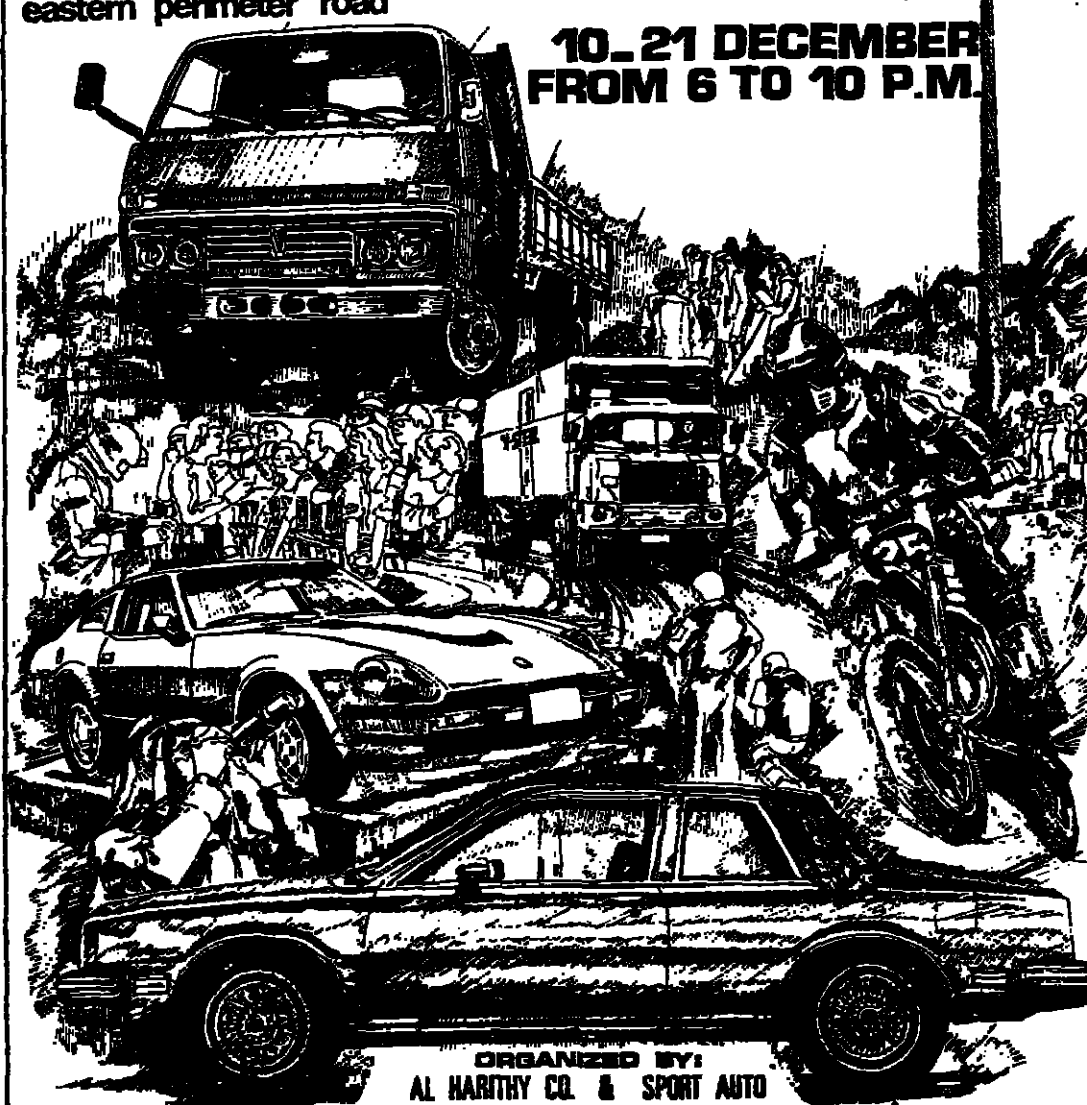
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Experts predict 'sudden drop' in world oil discovery rate

By a Staff Writer
Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2 — Two U.S. energy experts predict that the rate of world petroleum discoveries will eventually show a sudden decline within a relatively short period, paralleling a dramatic drop in oil discoveries in the United States following World War II.

"The decline in the (world) discovery rate will be followed in a few years by a decline in the production rate, whose consequences are unlikely to be either agreeable or small," the specialists said. David Root and Lawrence Drew of the U.S. Geological Survey said "it may take some time to

recognize" the drop in the world oil discovery rate after it has taken place.

While the two experts did not predict when the drop would occur, their analysis indicates the sudden decline could take place within the next ten or 20 years. Root and Drew analyzed the dramatic drop in U.S. oil discoveries since World War II in the December issue of the journal *American Scientist*.

The pattern of global petroleum discoveries parallels the situation in the United States, they said.

The U.S. oil discovery rate dropped off precipitously after World War II because by that time most of the large oil fields had

already been located, the specialists said.

Large oil fields were discovered first because they were much easier to locate. On the basis of pure chance alone, the probability of a single exploratory hole discovering one of the larger fields is 193 times that of discovering a small oil field, Drew and Root calculated.

In addition, the large fields account for most of the oil produced. More than 20,000 oil fields have been discovered in the United States, and of these, the 275 largest fields account for almost 60 per cent of U.S. production and about 90 per cent of U.S. proved reserves.

Over 80 per cent of these large fields were discovered before 1950, Root and Drew said.

After 1950, the amount of petroleum discovered per unit of exploratory drilling dropped off quickly and dramatically. Since then, the rate has been low but fairly stable, the energy analysts said, maintained by "the discovery of a large number of small fields."

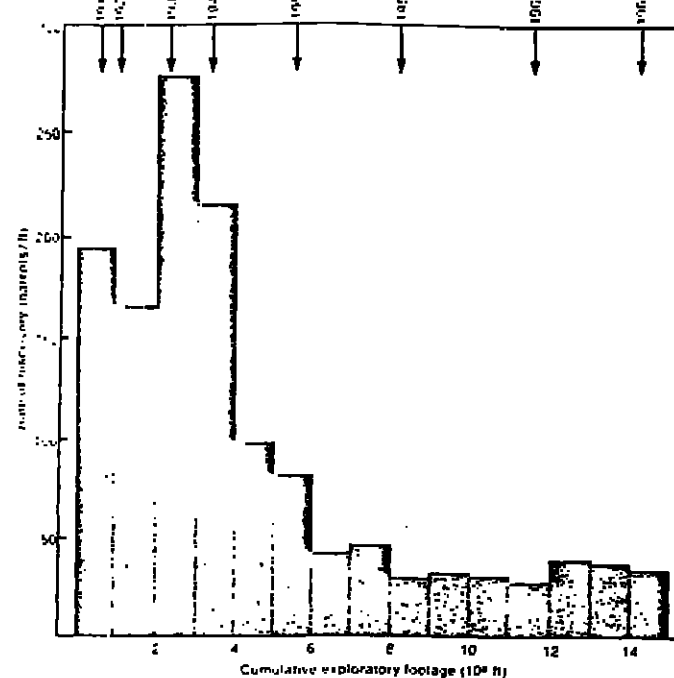
Since the low stable discovery rate has persisted for over a quarter century, despite the drilling of over 291,000 exploratory holes, Drew and Root said "it seems unlikely that a substantial number of large fields have been overlooked."

The global situation parallels that of the U.S., they noted, with about half of the world's proven reserves contained in the 33 largest oil fields.

Of these giant fields, 25 are in the Middle East, two are in the U.S., two are in the Soviet Union, and there are one each in Algeria, China, Libya and Venezuela. The 33 fields — which range in size from 5 billion to 83 billion barrels of recoverable oil — account for over 40 per cent of world oil production, Root and Drew said.

Thus, the two experts predict that the world curve for petroleum discovery will in time suffer the same rapid decline as the American curve.

Root is a Geological Survey analyst of energy resources, particularly oil and gas discovery rates. Drew is a research geologist, whose areas of expertise include discovery-process modeling, oil discovery rate analysis and petroleum resource appraisal.



DISCOVERY DROPS: The amount of oil discovered in relation to the number of feet of exploratory drilling in the conterminous U.S. dropped sharply after about 1945 and has remained at a low but fairly stable level since about 1953.

Interest in gold, silver

LONDON, Dec. 2 — The past week was characterized by a significant revival in interest in gold and silver. After starting the week just slightly above \$ 395 per ounce, gold shot through the psychological barrier of \$ 400 to end Friday at \$ 415.65. Silver's rise was equally spectacular showing nearly a 100p gain at \$ 8.62 per ounce.

The reasons for this flight into hard commodities (the second in three months) are almost certain to be found in the Middle East. The slow escalation of measures taken against Iran's assets in U.S. banks to safeguard loans (which this week features the seizure by the Morgan Guaranty Trust of Iran's 25 per cent stake in Krupp, the West German engineering group) have thrown into doubt the overall security of assets held by international banks. This has provoked in part a recourse to more tangible assets which it is hoped will keep and even appreciate in value, against the fickleness of the currency markets. Curiously enough, up to a fortnight ago with the support of rising interest rates and in spite of depressing company and trade news in the U.S. the dollar was behaving in a remarkably untroubled way. We now have the reverse situation with signs of a determined rally by Wall Street. (The Dow Jones index is up 24.32 on the week at 831.74, and the Home Bonds index 1.43 up at 77.07), and yet

now we have a steadily weakening dollar. The dollar's fall has been most marked against the pound which now stands at \$ 2.1950 against 2.1620 Monday. Its tradeweighted index fell 0.7 over the course of the week to 86.3. This rather steep fall in the dollar is due to the Iranian crisis and the first signs of an about turn in U.S. interest rates. Several major banks in the U.S. this week dropped their prime rates with Chase Manhattan leading the way by cutting it from 15 1/4 per cent to 15 1/8 per cent. Analysts are divided over whether this is a temporary reversal with rates to again edge upwards, or whether this is the beginning of a real decline to more normal rates. London stockbrokers Rowe Rudd feels that since the squeeze on credit can hardly yet have begun to have real counter-inflationary effects rates are now set for a further hike as further demand for credit builds up.

In London the stock exchange trading volume was relatively low and the market was reluctantly pulled upwards for the traditional Christmas rally. The F.T. 30 share index at present 420.7, is 14.6 up on the week. Gilts were listless with little change in the Financial Times gilts index, supporting the theory that this rally is going to be rather short lived.

Supplied by: — Saudi Research & Investment Ltd., Binladin Building, Medina Road, Jeddah, P.O. Box 6474, Tel.: 53908

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UAE ponders decades of affluence

ABU DHABI, Dec. 2 (AP) — Policy directions now under discussion will determine whether the United Arab Emirates will invest in industrialization in the coming decades or live mostly off their oil income, say Western sources here.

"That is really the \$ 64 million question," said one diplomat who closely monitors affairs here.

It is not an issue that will be decided easily. Since the UAE was formed in 1971 out of seven emirates, the rulers have largely gone their separate ways in economic development.

While they were building up their desert domains in the heady days of the mid-1970s, several major projects were inevitably duplicated.

But in the rush for modernization, such duplication was not considered serious.

The consensus will be decided between Abu Dhabi, which is the UAE capital and has most of the oil, and Dubai, whose ruler already has started several industrial projects against the day when his own oil runs out.

The direction the UAE takes has strong social, economic and even philosophical overtones, analysts here say. The boom caused the emirates to import so much foreign labor that natives now are a minority in their own

country.

There are no official figures, but reliable estimates say the UAE has only about 200,000 citizens out of a population of some 890,000 people. The rest are Asians, Europeans, other Arabs and some Americans.

"The question is, do they want to import more foreigners to build and run new industries or do they want to limit and even reduce the number of outsiders," a Western banker said.

If the UAE chooses industrialization, it will mean a continuation of the recycling of its oil money back to Western suppliers of machinery and technology. The outcome is less clear if the decision is to live off income from oil and foreign investment, foreign experts here say.

Because of recent oil price increases, UAE income in 1979 is expected to reach some \$ 14 billion, a Western investment banker said. Of this, Abu Dhabi will get about \$ 11.9 billion, Dubai about \$ 2 billion and the emirate of Sharjah about \$ 100 million, this source said.

"Of this total Abu Dhabi alone is expected to have a surplus this year of \$ 10 billion," said the banker, who asked not to be named. "It is getting right far beyond its ability to spend the money."

Abu Dhabi produces some 1.7 million barrels a day from onshore and offshore fields. It is developing a new field called Upper Zakum, which now produces 40,000 barrels a day and has a potential of half a million barrels a day by 1982-83, sources said.

"All this is far more than the country needs or wants to handle," said one source close to leading policy makers here. It is firm UAE policy to limit production.

Dubai, meanwhile, is producing about 360,000 barrels a day and going full steam ahead. Its ruler, Sheikh Rashid bin Said Al-Maktoum, is even selling about one third of his production at spot prices far higher than the UAE's overall price of \$ 21.56 a barrel.

"Abu Dhabi has enough oil to last well into the next century," said one financial source, "but Dubai's fields will start depleting in about two years at this rate."

Rashid has gone into debt establishing industries that will carry Dubai when oil output is reduced or runs low. Banking sources say Dubai owes more than \$ 2 billion in outstanding loans to commercial banks and contracting companies.

Dubai is building a drydock that is the biggest in the world. One of its three compartments can take supertankers up to one million tons.

SAUDI ARABIAN GOVERNMENT TENDERS

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
College of Internal Security Forces	Construction of a covered games hall		500	Dec. 8
" " "	Construction of an enclosure for the college		100	Dec. 8
" " "	Supply of printed material and stationery		50	Dec. 9
Directorate General of Education, Western Province	Supply of Youth Welfare requirements	12	200	Dec. 16
Ministry of Health	Supply of medical equipment	532	200	Dec. 5
Saudi Arabian Airlines	Furnishing of Saudia houses	M33/79	30	Dec. 18



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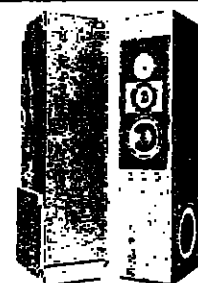
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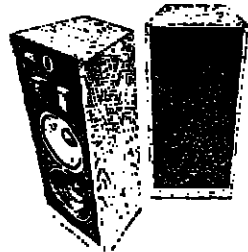
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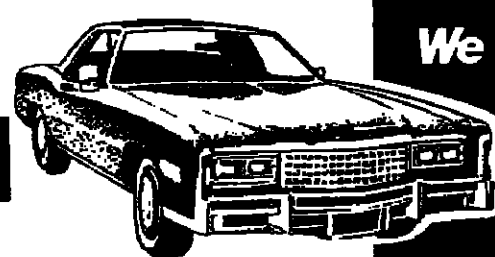


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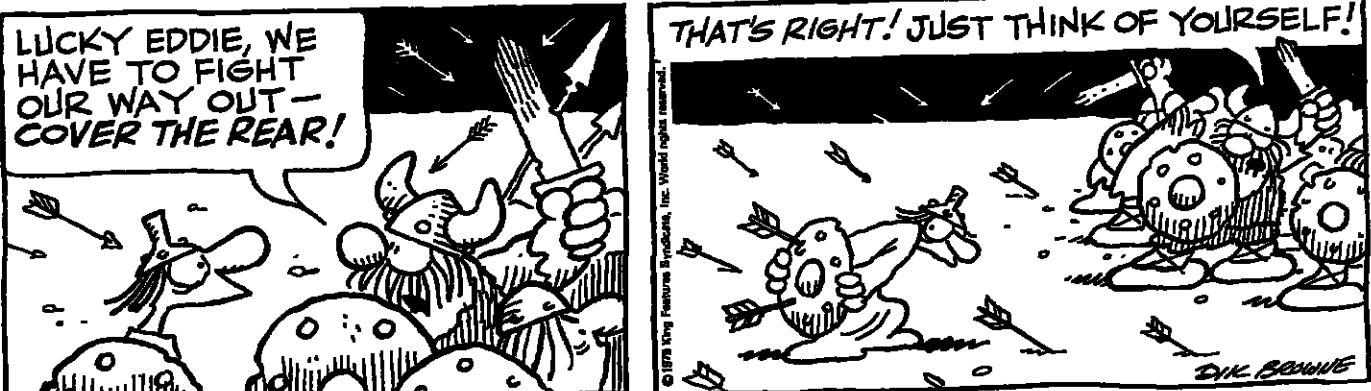
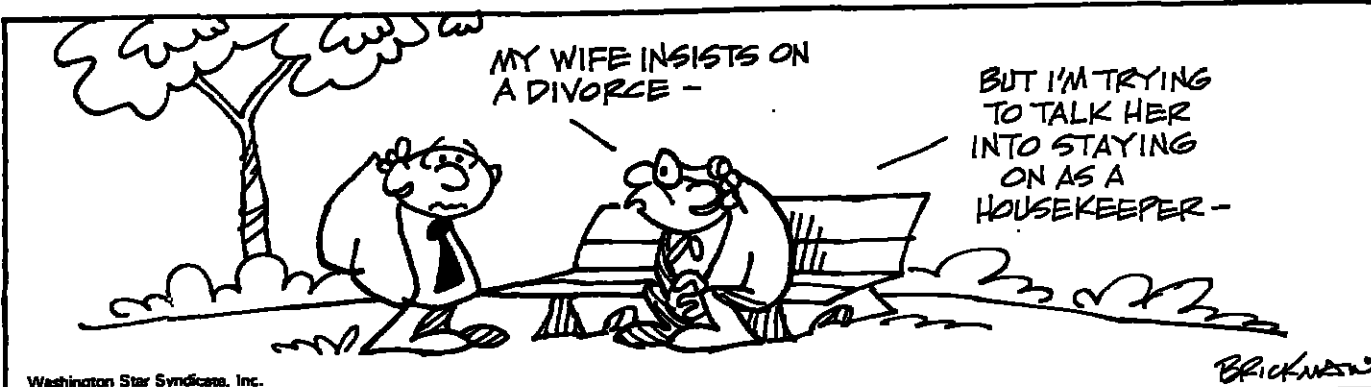
SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

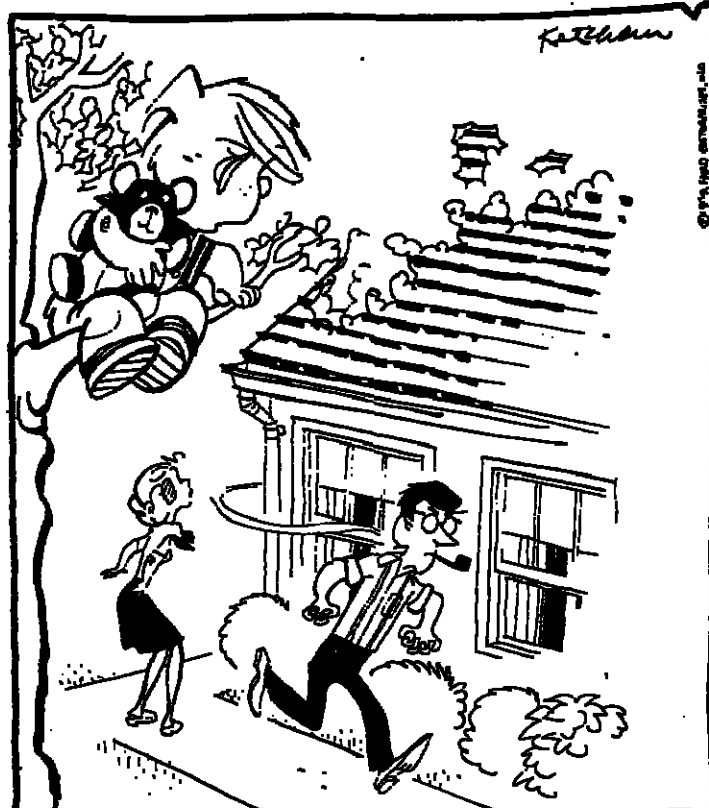
BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



DENNIS THE MENACE



CROSSWORD PUZZLE

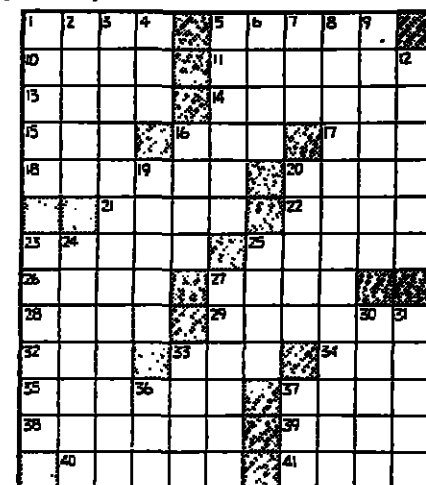
Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS
1 White House
5 Shaping machine
10 Place
11 Luffy
13 Gandy sign
14 Captain of the comics
15 Printer's need
16 Some
17 Girl rescued by Uncle Tom
18 Want for fare
20 Sammy Kaye movement
21 Spring farming need
22 Carry
23 Fireplace item
25 Shipworm
26 Semi-precious stone
27 Hologram material
28 Pulpit topics
29 Magician's word
32 Between tic and toe
33 Stutchburd
34 Clammy
35 Carefree

DOWN
2 Chief
3 To be: Fr.
4 Intense look
11 Once a Bono
12 Down
13 Finishing word
14 Booking or talent
15 Disapprove of
16 Prince
17 Valiant's son
18 Drew
19 "An apple
20 Thrice: prefix
21 Argue
22 Buoy
23 St. George
24 Lynx
25 Dragon
26 Globe; orb
27 Haute, Ind.
28 Aquatic animal
29 Czech river
30 Dean Martin film
31 After Nov.

Saturday's Answer
12 St. George
24 Lynx
25 Dragon
26 Globe; orb
27 Haute, Ind.
28 Aquatic animal
29 Czech river
30 Dean Martin film
31 After Nov.



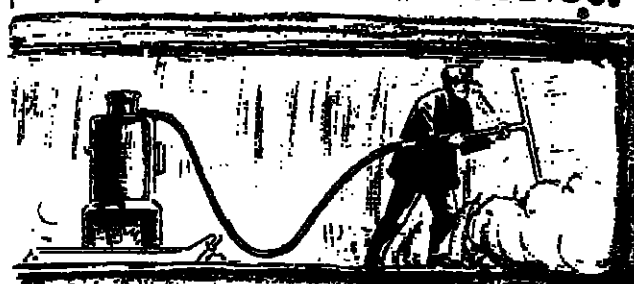
DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it:
A X Y D L B A A X E
L O N G F E L L O W

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three I's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

EG QZSOSQVXO, EG KSGGXO,
EG UVRJX, EG SJJ VZEGFU,
VZX UIWOXX XPQXJXGQX
EU UKWJEQEV - JNGFMXJJNH
Saturday's Cryptquote: NATIONAL HONOR IS NATIONAL PROPERTY OF THE HIGHEST VALUE. - JAMES MONROE

Believe It or Not!



LAURANCE THORNTON
A PROSPECTOR OF KETCHIKAN, ALASKA, TO REACH A VEIN OF GOLD AND SILVER LABORED WITH A T-SHAPED STEAM NOZZLE FOR 5 YEARS - CUTTING A TUNNEL A MILE LONG THROUGH A GLACIER - Submitted by Emory F. Tobin, Vancouver, B.C.



WOMEN WERE PERMITTED TO VOTE IN THE SCHOOL BOARD ELECTIONS IN LONDON, ENGLAND, IN 1870 BUT ONLY IF THEY WERE SINGLE AND OWNED THEIR OWN HOMES.

Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

A Stitch in Time Saves Nine

North dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.
NORTH
AK5
8
AQ6432
A82

WEST
AK742
AQ752
K10
Q109

EAST
J83
98643
K8
KJ

THE BIDDING:
North East South West
10 Pass INT Pass
30 Pass 3NT

Opening lead - five of hearts.
Let's imagine you're declarer in a given hand and that if you adopt a certain line of play there is a 68 per cent chance of success. And let's assume that if you adopt a different line of play your chances rise to 73 per cent. It follows, of course, that you will do better in the long run if you take the line of play that offers the greater chance of success.
That's pretty much the situation in the accompanying deal after you've read West's heart lead with the ten. It is tempting to tackle the

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JEDDAH	(Open Monday Night)	Tel.
Salem Drug Store	Bab Sherif	24782
Al-Tilimsani Drug Store	Quarantine Road	26587
MECCA	Bab Mecca	
Al-Shaab Drug Store	Shaab Amer	46186
Bagader Drug Store	Al-Ostaiyah	36924
Heraa Drug Store	Al-Shubaikah	40521
RIVADH		
Al-Hayat Pharmacy	King Faisal St.	
Al-Olaya Pharmacy	Al-Olaya St.	
Al-Saad Drug Store	Opposite Maternity Hospital	
DAMMAM		
Al-Haditha Pharmacy	Dhahran Road	23013
AL-KHOBAR		
Al-Khobar Drug Store	Prince Mansour St.	42193

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

Monday	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:23	6:48	12:17	3:23	5:41	7:11
Medina	5:32	6:54	12:19	3:20	5:37	7:07
Nejd	4:55	6:23	11:44	2:46	5:03	6:33

DHAHRAN TV

4:30 Children's Show	Electric Company 438
5:25 Grizzly Adams	The Seekers
Safety Film	Stop off the Road
6:19 Lifeline	Dr. Durze
7:08 Survival	Trial of Peter Rabbit
7:32 Secret war	Terror Weapons
8:22 Persuaders	Long Goodbye
9:12 Against the Wind	When Kings go Forth to Battle

VOA

P.M.	News Summary
8:00 News Roundup:	10:30 VOC Magazine:
Reports: Actualities:	America: Science:
Opinion: Analyses:	Cultural: Letter
8:30 Dateline	11:00 Special English: News
News Summary	11:30 Music USA: (Jazz)
9:00 Special English:	VOA WORLD REPORT
News: Feature: The	Midnight
Making of a Nation	
News Summary	
9:30 Music USA:	12:00 News newsmakers:
(Standards)	voices correspondents
10:00 News Roundup:	reports background
Reports: Actualities	features media
10:05 Opening: Analyses	comments news analyses.

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(English Service)

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band
On SW at 11.855 Mhz in 25 meter band
On MW at 1485 Kilohertz in 202 meter band

MONDAY	Afternoon Transmission	9:05 Gems of Guidance
2:00 Opening		
2:01 Holy Quran		9:10 Light Music
2:05 Gems of Guidance		9:15 A Chat and a Song
2:10 Champions of Solidarity		9:45 Pioneers of Knowledge
2:20 On Islam		10:00 A Viewpoint
2:30 Melody Time		10:10 Music
3:00 NEWS		10:15 NEWS
3:10 Press Review		10:25 S.A. - A Daily Chronicle
3:15 Music		10:30 Dreamland
3:20 Arabic Song		11:00 A Leaf on Life's Notebook
3:30 A Selection of Music		11:10 In Concert
3:40		11:15 In Concert
3:50 Closedown		11:45 A Rendezvous With Dreams
		12:00 Closedown
Evening Transmission		
9:00 Opening		
9:01 Holy Quran		

(French Service)

Morning Transmission	9:58 Cloture
8:00 Ouverture	Evening Transmission
8:02 Lumiere sur le Coran	7:00 Ouverture
8:15 Musique	7:02 Versets et Commentaires
	7:15 Musique
8:30 Bonjour	7:30 Couets et recets
8:35 Varietes	7:45 Chansons Panachees
8:45 Orient et Occident	8:15 Jeunesse et Sport
8:55 Varietes	8:20 Varietes
9:00 Informations	8:30 Informations
9:10 Lumiere sur les Informations	
9:15 Varietes	8:40 Revue de Presse
9:30 Rapports humains en Islam	8:45 Musique
9:45 Musique	8:55 Cloture

BBC

Morning Transmission

8:00 World News	8:09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary
8:09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary	4:30 The Pleasure's Yours
8:30 Sarah Ward	5:15 Report on Religion
8:45 World Today	6:00 Radio Newsreel
9:00 Newsdesk	6:15 Outlook
9:30 Opera Star	
10:00 World News	7:00 World News
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary	7:09 Commentary
10:30 Sarah Ward	7:15 Sherlock Holmes
10:45 Something to Show You	7:45 World Today
11:00 World News	
11:09 Reflections	8:00 World News
11:15 Piano Style	8:09 Books and Writers
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978	8:30 Take One
	8:45 Sports Round-up
12:00 World News	
12:09 British Press Review	9:00 World News
12:15 World Today	9:09 News about Britain
12:30 Financial News	9:15 Radio Newsreel
12:40 Look Ahead	9:30 Farming World
12:45 The Tony Myatt	10:00 Outlook News Summary
	10:39 Stock Market Report
	10:43 Look Ahead
	10:45 Ulster in Focus

Evening Transmission

1:15 Ulster in Focus	11:00 World News
1:30 Discovery	11:09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary
2:00 World News	12:15 Talkabout
2:09 News about Britain	12:45 Nature Notebook
2:15 Alphabet of Musical Curios	
2:30 Sports International	1:00 World News
2:40 Radio Newsreel	1:09 World Today
3:15 Promenade Concert	1:25 Financial News
3:45 Sports Round-up	1:35 Book Choice
4:00 World News	1:40 Reflections
	1:45 Sports Round-up
	2:00 World News
	2:09 Commentary
	2:15 The Face of England

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR MONDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1978

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth Sign.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) ♎
You'll do better concentrating on the here-and-now than making far-out future plans. Shrewdness aids you're financial situation.
SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) ♏
Hidden factors affect financial dealings. You'll be wise to be wary of overextending yourself. A charge card is temptation to ill-fortune.
Taurus (Apr. 20 to May 20) ♉
Put a lid on spending. You could overextend yourself now. Heed the advice of a partner or close tie re a work project.
GEMINI (May 21 to June 20) ♊
Concern about your own self-image impedes getting along with others. Forget ego and buckle down to work. New ideas will succeed.
CANCER (June 21 to July 22) ♋
You may feel you have enough problems of your own without getting involved with those of others. Don't withdraw - participate!
LEO (July 23 to Aug. 22) ♌
Don't expect too much from friends now. Interpersonal relations are somewhat clouded. Talk things over with a trusted tie.
VIRGO (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) ♍
Rushing won't make things happen careerwise. You'll come up with a solution re finances. Others promise more than they deliver.
LIRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) ♎
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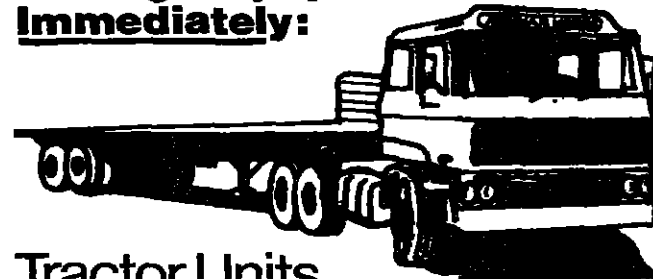
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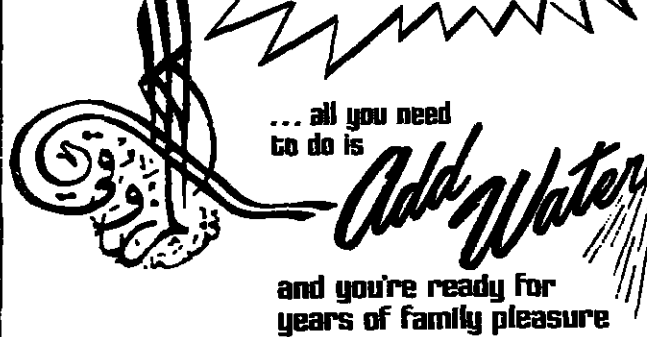
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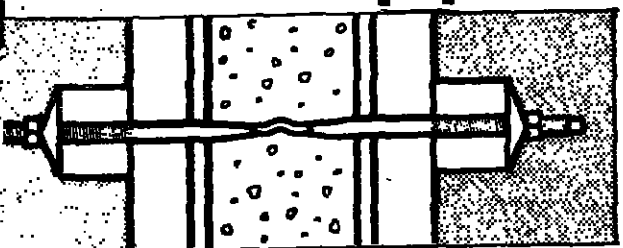
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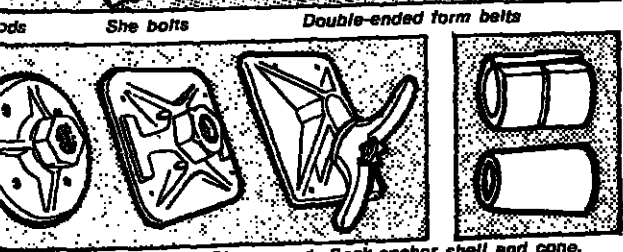
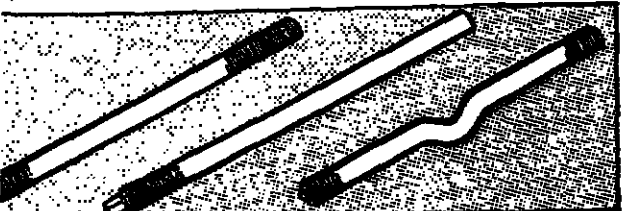
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PAGE 14

International

Rightists favored

Portugal voting heavy in race for parliament

LISBON, Dec. 2 (Agencies) — Portuguese voted Sunday for a new parliament with the center-rightists of Oporto lawyer-Francisco sa Carneiro favored to win and hand the left its first setback since the country's revolution five years ago.

Election officials reported a heavy early turnout as the nation's seven million voters went to the polls under clear skies.

Among the first to vote was President Antonio Ramalho Eanes who told the country on election eve Portugal might have to manage with a minority government again, a sign that none of the major parties would win a majority.

"This shows we can build an even stronger democracy," Eanes said as he cast his ballot in Lisbon.

Although the center-right "Democratic Alliance" of Social Democrats, conservative Social Democrats and monarchists headed by sa Carneiro was favored in the opinion polls, rival Socialists and Communists predicted the alliance would not win enough seats for a majority in the 250-member national assembly.

Rightward swing predicted in Icelandic voting

REYKJAVIK, Dec. 2 (R) — Icelanders were to vote Sunday and Monday in general elections and a major swing to the right has been predicted after a campaign which focused on the country's rampant inflation.

Both the right-wing Independence Party, tipped to gain over 30 seats in the 60 member Althing (parliament), and the Communists, the country's second largest party, have fought their campaigns entirely on the issue of inflation, which jumped to 85 per cent this year.

As party leaders made their last speeches on television Saturday, a general wage increase of 15 per cent and a price increase of 20 per cent came into force.

Independence Party leader Geir Hallgrimsson said in a broadcast that his party would use shock treatment, cutting state expenditure and taxes, to curb inflation.

But his opponents said Hallgrimsson's plan would only lower living standards and create widespread unemployment.

The previous left-wing coalition government which ruled the country for 16 months collapsed over the inflation issue in October, forcing the first winter elections in Icelandic history.

Mario Soares were rated second and the Communists of Soviet-line Alvaro Cunhal third.

The election was the second since the April 25, 1974, revolt by leftist armed forces officers overthrew Portugal's 48-year-old right-wing dictatorship.

Soares' socialists won the first parliamentary election in 1976 with 35 per cent of the vote and formed a minority government that later gave way to an alliance with the conservative Social Democrats. When that fell apart, Eanes named a non-party government headed by Prime Minister Maria de Lourdes Pintassilgo.

The new parliament will last for only one year since the constitution calls for another parliamentary election before the end of next year.

According to the latest opinion poll published in the last week of the campaign, the Social Democrat Party (PSD), the Christian Democrat Party (CDS) and the Popular Monarchist Party (PPM) who make up the Democratic Alliance are now comfortably ahead of their nearest rivals, the Socialists.

Thus if the predictions hold true, the mood of the country has changed to such an extent that the Portuguese are prepared to accept a dramatic roll back of the political and economic changes that have taken place here since the 1974 revolution.

Most alliance officials are beaming with confidence. "I am quite amazed with the extraordinary response we have encountered over the past two weeks," said an AD militant.

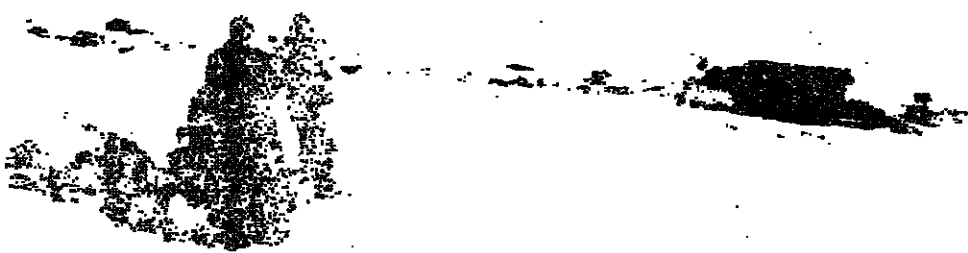
The three leaders of AD, sa Carneiro of the PSD, Diogo Freitas do Amaral of CDS and Guilherme Ribeiro Telles of PPM have made sure that no part of the country has been left untouched by their whistle-stop tours and mass meetings.

In contrast to Portugal's previous election, when right-wing parties were reluctant to step outside their traditional strongholds in the north, AD has been concentrating on areas hitherto dominated by the left.

Last week AD leaders visited the industrial belt of Setubal and Evora in the Alentejo, both Communist strongholds and areas where AD militants have been beaten up in previous days.

Said Helena Roseta, one of Portugal's leading women politicians and the AD candidate for Setubal: "The people who supported the revolution have lost hope. There is now a desperate urge for change."

The Alliance needs a swing of about 4 per cent away from the Socialists to place 126 Deputies. This would give AD a majority in the 250-seat Assembly.



RUBBLE: The wheel (foreground) and a tiny bit of the fuselage (right) are the only substantial pieces remaining after the crash of the Air New Zealand DC-10 in Antarctica last Wednesday.

Air New Zealand crash

DC-10 flight recorder found

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, Dec. 2 (AP) — Searchers have found the voice recorder of an Air New Zealand DC-10 which crashed into the side of an Antarctic volcano last week, killing all 257 people on board.

The leader of the New Zealand investigation team, Bob Thomson, said the recorder would have the last 30 minutes of recorded conversation. It will be sent to the United States for analysis, he said.

The "black box" with flight details has yet to be recovered, he said.

An eight-man U.S. investigation team is expected to arrive at McMurdo Sound Monday after being delayed by bad weather in Christchurch.

Meanwhile, the Air New Zealand crash in the Antarctic may have occurred because the crew mistook two mountains, the *Sunday Times* of London reported Sunday.

The *Sunday Times* investigative "insight" team said it had developed a possible cause for the accident after learning the contents of the last three messages broadcast from the

doomed airliner.

The newspaper theorized Capt. Thomas Collins flew the DC-10 jet into the side of Mount Erebus because he thought he had already passed it.

The crew mistook a glimpse through a cloud of the nearer Mount Bird for Mount Erebus and began their descent too early, misjudging their position by 20 miles, the newspaper said.

"Bird is less than half the height of Erebus but from a distance its contours are remarkably similar," the *Sunday Times* said.

"Collins and his crew should have seen Bird first, then Erebus, and crossed them both before beginning the final measured descent toward Scott base."

"But the DC-10 began its descent nine minutes too early and the best guess is that the crew saw only Bird, thought it was Erebus, and having passed over it dropped down over what they thought was dead flat terrain to disaster," the newspaper said.

Three-day match

Pakistan, India draw cricket

AMRITSAR, India, Dec. 2 (R) — Pakistan, chasing 214 in 110 minutes to beat India's North Zone, struggled to a draw at 75 for five on the last day of their three-day cricket tour match here Sunday.

Pakistan gave up the victory bid when they lost their first three wickets for 17 runs.

Sunilvalson, who finished with three wickets, jolted Pakistan's hopes when he dismissed Sadiq Muhammad and Talat Mirza with consecutive deliveries.

Mohinder Amarnath and Yog Raj each took a wicket, but skipper Majid Khan, who

made seven not out, prevented a complete Pakistan collapse.

The rival captains contrived to produce a definite result by each making a declaration Sunday after the first day's play had been washed out.

Pakistan, 78 for three overnight, added 42 without further loss before they declared 71 behind North Zone.

The tourists seized the initiative by taking North Zone's first six second innings wickets for 38. Sikander Bakht and Ehteshamu din did the damage by taking five of the wickets which fell to bowlers.

Mafia links alleged

Nice 'casino war' has France talking

By Paul Wedster

PARIS, Dec. 2 (OFNS) — A battle between Nice's two casinos has ended with the Riviera capital losing both gambling centers and the French treasury being several million francs out of pocket.

What may be the last chapter in the troubled four-year history of the Ruhl casino came with its enforced closure on government orders late last month. According to the treasury, the Ruhl owes \$20 million in unpaid taxes, and revenue penalties.

The casino's chairman, Jean-Dominique Fratoni, has accused the government of succumbing to a vendetta against the Ruhl. Behind the accusation are four years of allegations of violence, underworld influence and alleged political corruption as Fratoni led an attempt to take over all the gambling centers of the Riviera.

Since the Ruhl opened with a blaze of flashy publicity in 1973, upsetting the traditional image of the Cote d'Azur, it has been the target of several investigations by the tax authorities and the gambling squad.

It was set up only a few yards from another casino, the aristocratic, turn-of-the-century Mediterranean Palace on the Boulevard des Anglais. Within months the owners of the Palace were complaining that their employees were being intimidated and that professional gamblers were using illegal methods to bankrupt the casino.

The press and police generally sided with the Palace, with accusations that the Ruhl was partly owned by Italian 'real estate interests' and that it had become a center for passing underworld money.

The Ruhl's strongest ally was Nice's mayor, Jacques Medecin, a member of President Valery Giscard d'Estaing's Republican Party and former tourism minister. He stood by Fratoni despite criticism from President Giscard's closest aide, Michel Poniatowski, a former interior minister, who tried to unseat the mayor.

What was called the 'Casino War' developed into a scandal which is still the subject of a police investigation when the Ruhl surprisingly took over the Mediterranean Palace. The owners, the banking and industrial family of Le Rux, resolutely refused to sell out under pressure until a daughter, Agnes Le Rux, suddenly switched sides, swinging the takeover vote in the Ruhl's favor.

Two years ago, while police were investigating allegations that money had been illegally paid to buy her vote, she disappeared. Detectives say she could have been murdered and have been questioning the family lawyer, who is alleged to have

arranged the vote-buying operation.

At the same time, there were reports that American Mafia interests were moving into the Ruhl.

However, its present disgrace is due to some dubious book-keeping. Although the Ruhl's owners closed the Mediterranean Palace, the Ruhl monopoly appeared to be losing money hand over fist.

French tax authorities no longer believe the Ruhl's accounting. Apart from claiming arrears of taxes and penalties together amounting to \$20 million, tax inspectors have started the mammoth job of discovering why the Ruhl's receipts apparently dropped when it had a monopoly during an unprecedented gambling boom on the Riviera.

Last year, the casino's gross receipts were less than \$16 million, a third down on the previous year and less than the Mediterranean Palace was earning during a period of tough competition with its rival. Even more striking is a comparison with Cannes, a town half the size of Nice, where gambling receipts are double those of the Ruhl.

S. Africa envoy kidnap claimed by leftwingers

SAN SALVADOR, Dec. 2 (AP) — Leftist guerrillas from the Farabundo Marti Popular Liberation Front (FPL) claimed responsibility for the kidnapping of South African Ambassador Archibald Gardner Dunn and said he is in a "revolutionary jail."

The FPL said in a message sent to the press that Dunn was captured "to denounce before the world the segregationist politics of South Africa and its intervention in Zimbabwe Rhodesia and other parts of Africa."

The communique said the FPL is demanding that the El Salvador junta break diplomatic relations with the government of Augusto Pinochet in Chile, try Salvadorean former presidents Arturo Armando Molina and Carlos Humberto Romeo, along with their political officials, free political prisoners and account for disappeared persons.

Gardner, 60, was abducted Wednesday by a group of armed guerrillas outside the South African Embassy, in central San Salvador.

The kidnapping apparently ended a 30-day truce by leftist political organizations to give the military-civilian junta a chance to begin implementing promised economic, social and political reforms.

Good Morning?

By Jihad Khazen

World events require reviving the arguments, old as the institutions themselves, on the nature and aims of university education. It is an argument between those educationists who, insulated from the hardships of modern life in their ivory towers, seek to arm their students with the classical virtues of contemplative endeavor; and those, more alive to the demands of today, who want the student to leave the university with more than a smattering of Plato and pure mathematics.

The argument at the moment cannot but center on the growing demands for grounding the spontaneous student practices, as exemplified by the Iranian students' seizure of the American embassy in Tehran, on sound theoretical bases. For, while no one can deny the successes the students have gained in Tehran and elsewhere, the fact still remains that much theoretical work is still to be done if these practices are to be lifted from their mere unreflected spontaneity and achieve a respectability commensurate with their international standing on the political level.

Our contribution in this regard, cannot, in the nature of things, escape certain limitations, chief among which is the fact that we are not specialized in the field. What we hope for is an adequate specialist response so that this matter is settled as quickly as possible, so that new generations of students are no longer thrown on their devices as they take to the streets to

"do their thing" in the cause of freedom and justice everywhere. It is to American educators and universities — both quick to adapt to changing circumstances — that we address our proposal. It is a secret that many of the Iranian students had had the benefits of American education, so that American universities cannot help but feel responsible for any shortcomings in the planning and execution of the affair of the Tehran embassy.

The idea we are advancing is perfectly simple. It is that of the possibility of courses in E.O. (Embassy Occupation) leading in the fullness of time to B.A. M.A.'s and even Ph.D.'s in the subject. The courses are to range from E.O. 101 for freshmen only, in slogan daubing and elementary demand-writing, through the austere E.O. 105 (graduate level only) in hostage holding and treatment, to E.O. 109, in the advanced techniques of hostage disposal etc. The Iranian experience has shown that much is still to be desired in these matters.

The range of subjects offered will take in such concerns as the art of talking to the press to confuse an already overconfident situation. The cultivation of revolutionary appearance — especially that seeming eternal three-day beard for men students which neither retraction nor revolutionary denoting insufficient allowance, nor yet expands to a beard per se — should also be investigated into whether American embassies could be found since soon these will all be accounted for.

Translated from Ashraf Al Awsat.

U.S. embassy receives new rocket threat in Thailand

BANGKOK, Dec. 2 (AP) — An anonymous caller Sunday threatened another bomb attack against the U.S. embassy, an embassy spokesman said. Thai police tightened security at the embassy compound.

The spokesman said a man speaking Thai telephoned the embassy at 12:45 p.m. and asked to speak to "the senior police officer at the embassy."

"You'd better be careful today because something may be thrown over the wall," the spokesman quoted the caller as saying.

Although the embassy was closed for official business, a few U.S. and Thai staff members were in the building.

Thai police closed off an inner lane of street in front of the main gate of the compound and called in reinforcements.

Thailand beefed up security to all embassies and diplomats following a grenade attack on the U.S. embassy Friday.

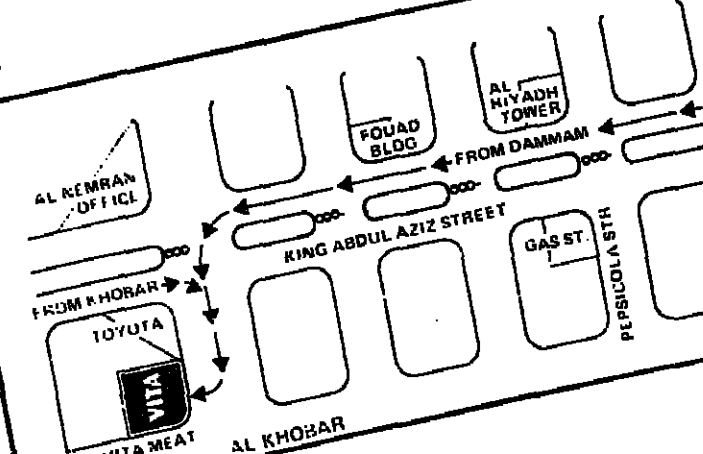
Authorities say no one has claimed responsibility for the explosions, which caused injuries and did only superficial damage to a fountain in front of the main embassy building.

Thai police said two U.S.-made M-79 grenades had been fired into the embassy complex and they were investigating the attack.

now, and daily VITA

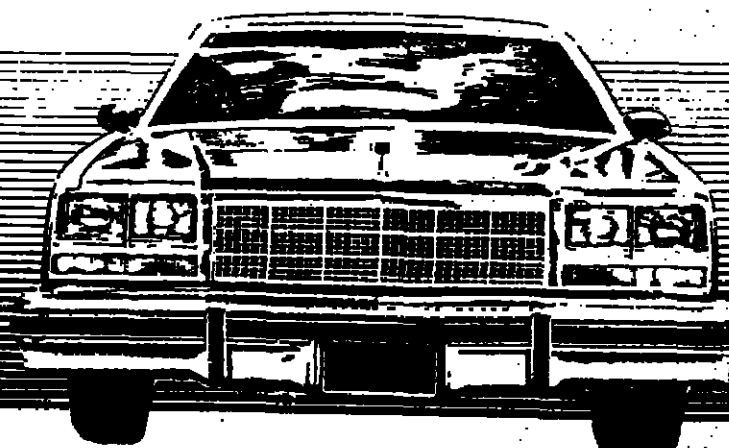
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